W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

Bring Your Difficult
Prescriptions
—TO THE—
P. P. P.
32 Gov't St. Always open.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 22 1893. No. 275

Our Art Room

IS NOW OPEN and we invite the public to come and see it.

Davidson Bros.,

The Jewellers, 59 Government St.

Men's Pants

At $2.00 a Pair
Worth $2.50 and $3.

We are clearing out a lot of good, strong heavy pants at the bare cost of production. We are willing to forego the usual profit on this line for working men. They can't be equalled. No shoddy, but good honest goods.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

Telephone 563. 35 and 37 Johnson Street.

W. H. PERRY,

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves,
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE. 42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

THE CORK SOLED
And the BOOTS SOLD

By A. B. Erskine are one and the same article, and are the correct thing for winter wear.

After they are SOLD they remain a long time SOLED.

TRY A PAIR.

A. B. ERSKINE,

Corner Government and Johnson Sts.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase) £600,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE £270,000, $1,314,000

HEAD OFFICE: - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (KOOTENAY LAKE).

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.
IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ONLY TWO LEFT of those cosy cottages; 1 four rooms, $5; 1 five rooms, bath, grates, etc., $10, including water. Apply to Mrs. P. Wilson, grocer, 125 Douglas street. N2-1m

WANTED—Good, Live, Active Representative in this city and vicinity, to take agency for our Koaline Fuel Saver and Fumigator. A reliable article. Good profit. Factories, hotels and families use this compound. Address with stamp THE KOALINE FUEL CO., Windsor, Ont. n22-3m

A RESPECTABLE GIRL wishes situation at general housework. Address C., Times office n22-2t

WANTED—Work by the day, week or month. Washing, ironing, and cooking. Good references. Apply 14 Meares street. n22-3t

TO LET—Sitting room, dining room, one or two bedrooms and kitchen. All well furnished, references required. Address XX, Times office. n27tf

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING in the latest styles and perfect fit guaranteed. Miss Scott, 56 Pandora street. n22-1m

WANTED—Work by the day by a competent dressmaker, all work guaranteed. Address Miss E. La Monte, 125 Toronto street. n22-6t

WANTED—Partner with $500 to take interest in historical souvenir at the San Francisco Midwinter Fair; profits 500 per cent. Apply to Winnett & Cooper, 18 Trounce avenue. n22-3t

FOUND—On morning of the 22nd inst., a light bay horse, white on off fore and hind leg, split in off hind hoof, brand on near shoulder and hip, some small white spots on back. Owner can have same by paying expenses and proving property. Apply 99 Pandora street. n22-1t

MARBLE QUARRY FOR SALE—100 acres containing fine quarry of marble of mixed colors. Address "Marble," Times office. n22-6t

TENDERS

Tenders for repairs (in accordance with specifications) to British Barque "Harold," now lying in graving dock, Esquimalt, will be received at the office of the undersigned on Saturday, 25th November inst., at 12 o'clock noon. Tenders to state the time in which the work will be completed. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

ROBERT WARD & Co., Limited Liability, Agents for Master & Owners.

Temple Building, Fort Street, November 22nd, 1893. n22-2t

ANNUAL SALE OF WORK.

The St. James' Sewing Society will hold their Annual Sale of Work in

ST. JAMES' HALL,

On SATURDAY, Dec. 2, at 2 p. m.

ADMISSION 10c.

HIGH TEA from 6 to 8. 25c.

ENTERTAINMENT in the evening. "Mrs. Jarley's Wax Work." Admission 25c. n22-10

...Thanksgiving Day...

CONCERT

To be given in the

Metropolitan Methodist Church,

PANDORA AVENUE,

THURSDAY EV'G, NOVEMBER 23RD

Doors open at 7:30; Concert at 8 o'clock. Admission 25 cts.

PROGRAMME.

Overture ..... "The Contest."
Orchestra.
Vocal Solo ..... Miss Duffie.
Recitation ..... "Mary, the Maid of the Inn."
Miss Penwill.
Vocal Solo ..... Mr. H. Kent.
Overture ..... "Algerine" ..... Piano, Violin and Cornet
Mr. and Mrs. Brown, Mr. J. Parfitt.
Vocal Solo ..... Miss O'Neil.
Vocal Solo ..... Mr. E. W. Buck
Gavotte ..... "Always Thine."
Orchestra.
Vocal Solo ..... Mr. J. G. Brown.
Vocal Solo ..... Miss Duffie.
Recitation ..... "Nearer to Thee."
Miss Penwill.
Vocal Solo ..... Mr. H. Kent.
March ..... "Souvenir" ..... Cornet, Violin and Piano
Mr. and Mrs. Brown, Mr. J. Parfitt.
Vocal Solo ..... Miss O'Neil.

VICTORIA THEATRE

Special Engagement of the Comedian

MR. CHARLES DICKSON

And his Model Organization

FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 24

Will be presented his new play

Admitted to the Bar

An American dramatic comedy in four acts by Henry Doblin and Charles Klein.

SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 25,

The entertainment will commence with

The Salt Cellar

A Domestic Glimpse in one act from the German of C. A. Garner, by Henry Doblin, concluding with

INCOG

A comedy in three acts by Mrs. R. Pacheco.

Prices $1.00, 75 and 50c.
Seats now on sale at Jamieson's. n22-3t

WEAR THE FAMOUS
"GRANBY"
Rubber Goods.

Guilty Guarantee Officers.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 22.—The jury in the case of the officers of the Guarantee Investment Co., charged with defrauding the mails, returned a verdict of guilty this afternoon.

An Honor for the Queen.

London, Nov. 22.—Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone will visit the Queen at Windsor castle to-morrow. They dine with Her Majesty and will spend the night at the castle.

ONE YEAR EACH

McGreevy and Connolly are Sentenced this Morning.

TO TWELVE MONTHS' IMPRISONMENT.

In the Ottawa Jail but Without the Usual Hard Labor.

Justice Refuses Bail—Has Not Sufficient Confidence in the Prisoners — Also Advised to this by Prosecuting Counsel—The Judges' Address—He Feels Sorry for the Offenders.

Ottawa, Nov. 22.—McGreevy and Connolly were this morning sentenced to one year imprisonment each without hard labor.

The court met this morning to receive the verdict from the jury in the McGreevy-Connolly case. As soon as Justice Rose took his place on the bench the jury filed into the court room and took their places and delivered a verdict of guilty. On the prisoners being asked why sentence should not be pronounced, Mr. Blake rose and asked that the case be reserved, principally on the point that all the letters and other documents were submitted to the jury before they had arrived at the conclusion that a conspiracy had taken place. He asked for bail.

Judge Rose said that he would reserve the case, but had not sufficient confidence in the prisoners to give bail. He had also been advised by counsel for the prosecution not to give bail. It had been pointed out to him that one of the prisoners had already left the country since the opening of the case.

Mr. Blake denied this, but counsel for the prosecution said he left during the parliamentary investigation until the session closed.

Mr. Blake showed that this was not since the present case commenced.

Justice Rose said that since counsel for the prosecution would not relieve him he would have to pass sentence, and did so as follows: "I have witnessed many strange scenes in my judicial life, but one of those which is specially trying is the present, when I see two men in the positions they have brought themselves to by their own operations. I will try, however, to administer justice without exciting too much sympathy. It is, however, impossible not to feel sympathy for the men when it is known that there are others besides themselves as guilty as they are. As to the verdict, I entirely agree with the views taken by the jury. It is one against which there can be no reasonable doubt; it is morally right. I may, as a lawyer, say it is legally right. The evidence given by the defense in your behalf is not well founded in law. I must act on my own opinion, and if I have erred then I can be put right. That will not affect the merits of the case. I do not see that in any event I should suspend sentence, unless I make up my mind that in the administration of justice I should suspend sentence in every case. If objection was taken as to the weight of evidence, I might see some reason as to why sentence should be suspended, but such was not there. The offense is one which affects many. It is against public policy, against good government, and can not be lightly passed over, but yet I have no desire and shall not yield to any cry for severe punishment being visited upon single offenders, as vengeance ought in this case to be visited upon many. I will, however, do that which I think ought to satisfy the administration of justice. One of you in losing your position in public life has already suffered; the other, having a position of trust in the community, has also suffered. In ordinary criminal cases the lightness of the sentence has to be considered; in regard to you, no matter what sentence I pass, it will be a severe one; one day would be the same as a full term. I have thought that I would administer justice if you suffered less personal annoyance, so that while the community may know that offenses of this kind will not go unpunished, there may be no feeling of undue sympathy for you in regard to this and other considerations which I do not feel it a necessity to dwell upon. I have nothing to do but administer justice to the public interests, and the sentence upon you is that you be confined in the county jail here for one year without hard labor."

The prisoners were then handed over to the sheriff.

Blake says he will arrange for an appeal at once.

Gen. Rusk's Death.

Indianapolis, Nov. 22.—Gen. Harrison spoke with deep feeling last evening regarding the death of Gen. Rusk. He said: "I had very little acquaintance with Gen. Rusk previous to his going into my cabinet, though I knew he had been a brave soldier and a congressman of ability. As secretary of agriculture he was highly successful. He was a man of broad statesmanship, and looked out for the greatest benefit for the whole country. He made a special study of our export product and the foreign embargoes and worked constantly through the secretary of state to have these restrictions to exportation removed. His success all the world knows."

Atlantic Shipping.

New York, Nov. 22.—Arrived, Elbe, Southampton; Norwegian, Glasgow; Dresden, Bremen; Obdam, Rotterdam; Manitoba, London; France, London; Mexican Prince, Cardiff.

Starving Indians.

Quebec, Nov. 22.—The greatest destitution prevails among the Indians all over Canada, and from Labrador to British Columbia come continuous tales of suffering. Priests and missionaries are vainly endeavoring in a small way to relieve the misery, which has only commenced with the arrival of the cold weather, and the government will be appealed to. One of the Indian towns in the northern part of Quebec has been depopulated by famine. It is already known that over 400 Indians have already perished of hunger. It is expected thousands more must starve before winter is over.

CANADA IN BRITAIN.

The Monument Affair—Imperial Institute Lecture—Tupper Arrives.

London, Nov. 22.—Reports of the attempt to blow up Nelson's monument in Montreal have been cabled here, and a great deal of newspaper comment has been excited by the incident. There is a disposition to overrate the importance of the affair. The Daily News ascribes the incident to the discontent of the Mercier party, while the Pall Mall Gazette points to the fairness of the treatment meted out to French-Canadians under British rule, and contends that if any revolution against them takes place the dynamite offenders will be responsible.

The inaugural address at the opening of the first session of the Imperial Institute was delivered by Mr. Leckey, the historian, yesterday afternoon, The Prince of Wales, president of the Institute, was in the chair. Mr. Leckey's address, which was suited to the place and time, referred to the fact that all the leaders of public opinion in Great Britain were agreed upon the revived interest in the colonies and the necessity of encouraging emigration to British possessions to promote imperial union.

The high commissioner, Sir Charles Tupper, who came over on the Parisian, arrived in London to-night from Liverpool.

Called on the Cardinal.

Baltimore, Nov. 22.—Cardinal Gibbons to-day received a visit from a crank, Frank Steckfus. The priest quickly saw what the man was as soon as he made his demand for $50 in cash, and soon got rid of his unwelcome intruder. Steckfus went to St. Joseph's church in South Baltimore and introduced himself as Cardinal Gibbons, saying he had come to dismiss Father Barry, the pastor. Steckfus was arrested.

Starving American Miners.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 22.—In Ironwood, Mich., which is the centre of Geogebic mineral range, 5,000 miners have been out of employment since June. Eight hundred wood choppers engaged in the forests have also been idle. Fully 20,000 persons are on the verge of starvation. They have nothing to live on now but a few beets and potatoes. The distress in Ironwood is the greater because it suffered last summer from an epidemic of typhoid fever. Not less than 1,000 children are not only hungry, but cannot leave the miners' cabins because of their lack of clothing.

Princeton Hazers Lectured.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 22.—Herbert W. Fitzgerald and William H. Fuller, two of the seven Princeton students who were recently indicted for "hazing" Robt. Leopold, pleaded not guilty in Mercer county court yesterday afternoon. Judge Woodruffe gave them a severe lecture and imposed a fine of $10 on each.

Loss Two Million Dollars.

Springfield, Mass., Nov. 22.—Fire which broke out in a Worthington street block early this morning spread to several other blocks, and after raging for five hours was checked at 6 o'clock this morning. It was the most destructive the city has known for a year. Loss, $2,000,000.

A Rich Criminal.

Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 22.—Dr. Chas. L. Flanders will serve a three years' sentence in the penitentiary. The state supreme court confirmed his sentence this morning. Dr. Flanders is the richest criminal ever called upon to answer to the charge of felony in the city. He is worth $500,000. He occupied a pretentious house and desired to buy an adjoining house and lot owned by Ludwig Goetz, who would not sell it. Henry Sleek then appeared and offered to give Goetz a lower rate of interest on a mortgage that he was paying. After Goetz had signed the papers he discovered that he had conveyed the property to Flanders. Sleek was indicted for fraud as well as Flanders, but Sleek is a fugitive from justice.

The Cardsdale Safe.

London, Nov. 22.—Considerable relief was felt this morning on receipt of a telegram that the British ship Cardsdale, which was supposed to have foundered, was safe and sound, lying at anchor off Spurnhead.

Dangerously Insane.

Toronto, Nov. 22.—George Herbert Stokes, the wealthy New Yorker, who tried to borrow $100,000 from Sir Oliver Mowat, and said he was Queen Victoria's son, is quite dangerous, and the authorities here do not care to let him have his liberty. They were undecided what to do with him, when a letter came from the law firm of Dittenhoefer, Gerber & James, New York, on behalf of Stokes, mother, requesting that her her son be placed in an asylum here and not liberated until requested by his mother, who will pay all expenses.

Robbed the Postoffice.

Petrolea, Ont., Nov. 22.—Last night a daring robbery took place at the oil-springs postoffice. The postoffice is situated in Mr. Yates' store and Yates and his family live over it. The safe was blown open and the noise was heard by the Yates family, but on account of the burglars having secured all the doors by tying them with ropes it was impossible to gain admittance. One of the family got out of the window and gave the alarm, and the robbers, seeing this, made their escape. It is reported they secured from $300 to $400 in money and stamps. Suspicion falls on six young men who were seen around the village during the day.

QUEEN OF HAWAII.

Liliuokalani's Substantial Form Very Probably

HOLDING DOWN THE ISLAND THRONE.

Since Monday Last, if Minister Willis Obeyed Orders.

Very Little Doubt in Official Circles that Royalty has been Restored — What Minister Thurston had to Put Up With at Washington—Quietly Ignored as a Hawaiian Representative.

San Francisco, Nov. 22.—Official Washington dispatches for Minister Willis and Admiral John Irwin were sent out yesterday on the Pacific Mail steamer China, which wil touch at Honolulu on her way to the Orient. The exact nature of the dispatches could not be learned. They were received in cipher an hour before the China sailed and forwarded in a large sealed envelope. The next steamer from Honolulu, by which important news is expected from Hawaii, is the Alameda, due early to-morrow morning. The Alameda, commanded by Captain H. G. Morse, a veteran in the service, has a remarkable record for always being on time. She is due here at 7 a.m.

Washington, D.C., Nov. 22.—It was clearly apparent this morning that the publication of Minister Thurston's reply to Commissioner Blount's report had created a very disagreeable impression at the department of state. None of the officials care to discuss the matter with the view to the publication of their opinions, but it was privately intimated that the minister adopted an extraordinary course. He has violated all the proprieties of diplomatic intercourse, and in any other country he would be immediately furnished with his passports. But Thurston made it very difficult for such a course to be pursued by very shrewdly disclaiming in the beginning of his article any intention of publishing an opinion upon the international questions at issue and by declaring that he purposed to confine himself to a statement of facts concerning himself in reply to Blount's personal attacks upon him. The impression is that the department has no intention of adopting heroic measures in his case. It may be expected, however, that he will meet with a chilly reception upon his next visit to the state department.

All the state department officials stood mute when there was brought to their attention the published report that Queen Liliuokalani had been restored to the Hawaiian throne on Monday. The report was entirely discredited here.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 22.—Queen Liliuokalani was re-established on Monday upon the Hawaiian throne, if the plans of Minister Willis carried. Monday was the day fixed, according to the last information received by Secretary Gresham. According to a high official at present in this city, who gives this information, the administrator has not the least doubt that the queen has been restored. Minister Willis' reports, which were received in Washington on Saturday, did not have the least doubt of the restoration of the queen on the appointed day.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 22.—Thurston's statements contradicting Blount's in regard to facts of the recent revolution in Hawaii are exciting much attention here. The question is asked, will the state department officially take any notice of it, and the general expectation is that it will not. The course of the department towards Thurston appears to have been that of quietly ignoring him in his diplomatic capacity. This was indicated to Thurston himself by the assertion that no copy of Blount's report had been officially transmitted to him.

MARTIN ELECTED.

The Liberals Gain a Sweeping Victory —Majority 435.

Winnipeg, Nov. 22.—The election for the vacant seat in the house of commons, caused by the resignation of Hugh John MacDonald, is in progress to-day. The candidates are Colin H. Campbell, barrister, Conservative, and Hon. Jos. Martin, Liberal. Both sides are confident, but it is admitted that the Conservatives have the most perfect organization, which will probably carry their candidate to victory. Every train arriving yesterday and this morning brought in crowds of voters from outside points, and it is estimated there will be 250 outside votes polled. Of these the Conservatives claim 150 and the Liberals 100. As early as 8 o'clock hundreds of vehicles of every description stood in front of the central committee rooms ready for the fight. At noon fully one-half of the resident votes had been polled. Both sides are working hard and expect a large majority, but indications are that the vote will be very close. The final result is hard to prophesy.

Winnipeg, Nov. 22.—Hon. Joseph Martin, Liberal, is elected by 435 majority.

Journalistic Cranks Responsible.

Quebec, Nov. 22.—All the Quebec papers treat the attempt to blow up the Nelson monument at Montreal as the mad prank of a number of foolish and irresponsible boys, calling more for a "spanking" than for any other punishment. They especially deprecate the attaching of any undue importance to the incident while throwing all the blame for it on the journalistic cranks who have been inflaming the French-Canadian mind by their silly writings on the subject.

BLOUNT'S REPORT.

Main Points in the Hawaiian Commissioner's Statement.

Washington, Nov. 21.—In the reports and correspondence on Hawaiian affairs, which have been given currency by the state department, appears a brief letter from commissioner (subsequently minister) Blount, under date of July 31st, 1893, in which he says the condition of parties is one of quiescence. The action of the United States is awaited by all as a matter of necessity, and will remain until the proposition to annex is accepted or rejected. In the latter contingency no sudden movement is likely to occur. The present government can only rest on the use of military force. Ultimately it will fall, without fail. It may preserve its existence for a year or two, but no longer. He adds that he has done his duty as well as he could, considering that he was surrounded by persons interested in misleading, "and that his private affairs necessitated his return home."

In a letter dated May 24th, Commissioner Blount denies the allegation that improper relations existed between ex-Marshal Wilson and the queen, and his report calls attention to his reception by Minister Stevens, who, on his arrival, informed him that the club had rented an elegant house, well furnished and provided with servants, carriages and horses for his use; that he could pay for this accommodation just what he chose.

Troops from the Boston were, he says, doing military duty for the provisional government. The American flag was floating over the government building. Within it the provisional government conducted business under an American protectorate, to be continued, according to the avowed purpose of the American minister, during negotiations with the United States for annexation.

He tells how Minister Stevens called upon him with W. F. Smith and represented that the withdrawal of the United States marines meant that the Japanese would land troops from a man-of-war in the harbor. The American minister expressed belief in the statement, but the Japanese commissioner put a stop to these rumors by having the vessel ordered away.

Commissioner Blount reviews the history of the islands, beginning with the constitution of 1852, and the changes made in the system of government down to the revolution of 1887, which resulted in the constitution of that year, and which to a great extent is given as the cause of the revolution of 1893. Among those mentioned in forcing King Kalakaua is Mr. Thurston, now minister from Hawaii. Blount describes at some length the restrictons placed upon the king by the 1887 constitution. After the revolution was accomplished the history of Hawaiian politics is followed by the commissioner.

He shows the position which the queen occupied, recites her protest, and describes the race and citizenship of the men concerned in the revolution, tries to show collusion on the part of Minister Stevens and the revolutionists. He goes into details and points out, by time and place, the haste with which Minister Stevens acted, and, by quoting from Stevens' report and papers on file at the legation, declares the minister misrepresented the revolution to the United States government.

Mr. Blount says that Minister Stevens consulted freely with the leaders of the revolution movement from the evening of the 14th. They feared arrest and punishment and he promised them protection. The leaders would not have undertaken the movement but for Stevens' promise to protect them from the government. Had the troops not been landed no measures for the organization of a new government would have been taken. The American minister and the revolutionary leaders determined upon annexation to the United States, and agreed on the part of each to act to the very end.

Mr. Blount says the native race feel that a great wrong has been done them and their queen. When the queen resigned it was under protest, and she did not believe the action of Stevens would be indorsed, and he adds: "Indeed, who would have supposed the circumstances surrounding her could have been foreseen and sanctioned deliberately by the president of the United States. Her uniform conduct and the prevailing sentiment among the natives point to her belief, as well as theirs, that a spirit of justice on the part of the president would restore her crown." That is the only thing in the nature of a recommendation made.

Mr. Thurston, the Hawaiian minister, this evening gave out a statement in which he says: "I have received no official information that Mr. Blount has made a report, and do not know what it contains, except from reading newspaper extracts therefrom, and am unaware of the present contentions of the United States government concerning Hawaii. It would be contrary to diplomatic courtesy to publish a statement on such a subject prior to informing the United States government. First, Mr. Blount charges that the American troops were landed under a prearranged agreement with the committee of safety that they should so land and assist in the overthrow of the queen. I hereby state that at no time did Mr. Stevens or Capt. Wiltse assure me, or the committee of safety, or any sub-committee thereof, that the United States troops would assist in overthrowing the queen or establishing the provisional government, and as a matter of fact they did not so assist. The troops were landed to protect American citizens and their property in the event of the impending and inevitable conflict between the queen and the citizens, and not to co-operate with the committee in carrying out its plans. In fact, the troops did not co-operate with the committee, and the committee had no more knowledge than did the queen's government where the troops were going nor what they were going to do. The whole gist of Mr. Damon's examination likewise contains a statement that when a request was made for the support of the United States troops, Lieut.-Commander Swinburn sent back word, "Captain Wiltse's orders are to remain passive."

Second, Mr. Blount charges that the queen had an ample military force and that, but for the support of the United States representatives and troops, the establishment of the provisional government would have been impossible. In reply thereto I hereby state that, although the presence of the American troops had a quieting effect on the rough characters of the city and may have prevented some bloodshed, they were not essential to and did not assist in the overthrow of the queen. The result of the movement would have been eventually the same if there had not been a marine within a thousand miles of Honolulu.

In support of this statement, I cite the following facts:

1. The troops did not land till Monday night, the 16th of January, after the revolution had been in full progress since the afternoon of Saturday, the 14th, during which time the committee of safety was openly organizing for the avowed purpose of overthrowing the queen.

2. There was absolutely no attempt at concealment from the government the objects and intentions of the committee.

3. The queen, her cabinet and their supporters were utterly demoralized, suspicious of one another and devoid of leadership.

4. The committee of safety and their supporters were united; had ample force to execute their purposes; knew what they wanted, and proceeded with intelligent deliberation, thoroughness and confidence to do it.

In support of the second proposition, that there was no concealment from the government of the intention of the committee, I submit:

1. That on the afternoon of Saturday, the 14th, in reply to the request of the queen's cabinet for advice as to what they had better do, the queen then still insisting upon the proclamation of the constitution, and supporting it by force, I advised them to declare the queen in revolution and the throne vacant, and at the request and at the expressed approval of two of them and the tacit assent of the other two, I then and there drew up a form of proclamation to that effect.

2. At half-past 4 on the afternoon of Saturday, the 14th, at a meeting of about 200 citizens at the office of W. O. Smith, the queen was denounced in the strongest terms, and a counter resolution was openly advocated. The queen's minister of the interior, John Colburn, addressed the meeting asking their armed support against the queen. The queen's attorney-general, Mr. Peterson, and her attorney, Paul Neuman, were both present. A committee of safety was publicly then and there named and proceeded forthwith to organize.

3. At 6 o'clock on Sunday morning, the 15th, I told Mr. Peterson and Mr. Colburn, two members of the queen's cabinet, that the committee intended to depose the queen and establish a provisional government, that if they would take charge of the movement, well and good; otherwise the committee intended to take action on its own account.

4. The committee met openly that morning, with the full knowledge of the government of the place of meeting, and remained in session during the greater part of the day, while several police kept watch on the building from the street.

5. On Monday morning at 9 o'clock, the committee, without attempt at concealment, met at my office, within 200 feet of the police station, and marched to Wilson's headquarters, where the entire police force was stationed. While the meeting was in progress Wilson came to my office and asked to speak to me privately, and we went into an adjoining room. Our conversation was in substance as follows: Wilson said: "I want this meeting stopped," referring to the mass meeting. I replied, "It can't be stopped. It's too late." He said, "Cannot this thing be fixed up in some way?" I replied, "No, it cannot; it's gone too far." He said, "The queen has abandoned her new constitution idea." I replied, "How do we know that she will not take it up again as she said she would?" He said, "I will guarantee that she will not, even if I have to lock her up in a room to keep her from doing it; and I'll do it, too, if necessary." I replied: "We are not willing to accept that guarantee, as it is insufficient. The thing has gone on from bad to worse until we are not going to stand it any longer. We are going to take no chances in the matter, but settle now, once and for all." Wilson then left the office. He had since stated that he immediately reported to the cabinet and advised arresting the committee, but the cabinet were afraid and refused to allow it.

6. At 2 o'clock on the afternoon of Monday, the 16th, a mass meeting of 3,000 unarmed men was held within a block of the palace. The meeting was addressed by a number of speakers, all denouncing the queen.

A Fashionable American.

Bloomington, Ill., Nov. 21.—The Second Presbyterian church of this city will to-night be the scene of the nuptials of Miss Helen L. Davis, daughter of William O. Davis, proprietor of the Bloomington Daily Pantagraph, and Lewis Green Stevenson, son of Vice-President Adlai E. Stevenson. The event will be a brilliant one, and will be attended by a large gathering of friends of the contracting parties from Chicago, Washington and other eastern cities. The bride is handsome and highly cultured, having studied at the state university here and in Boston and finished her education by several years of travel in Europe. An interesting fact in connection with the event is that, while the groom is the son of a Democratic vice-president, the bride is the daughter of the proprietor of the most influential Republican paper in Central Illinois. The fathers of the bride and groom, however, although differing politically are warm friends. After a brief tour in Europe the newly married couple will take up their residence in Washington.

Premature baldness may be prevented and the hair made to grow on heads already bald, by the use of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer

Music in Scotland.

An important musical enterprise has been inaugurated at Glasgow, where the new Scottish orchestra has given its first concert at St. Andrew's Hall, under the conductorship of Mr. Henschel. Hitherto the musical needs of Scotland have for the most part been supplied by the Choral Union Orchestra, which under the direction of Mr. Manns has been accustomed to give a series of performances in Edinburgh, Glasgow and other Scottish cities from early December till early March. A limited season of this sort was, however, deemed by certain wealthy Scotch music lovers as inadequate, and consequently the Scottish Orchestra Company was founded to organize performances in various parts of Scotland during the six winter months. The scheme was delayed a year in the expectation that the two enterprises might be amalgamated, but this was found impracticable. Local feeling in regard to the two schemes seems to have run very high, and many columns of discussion have been printed in the Scottish papers, while there appears to be an almost general consensus of opinion that one of the two must collapse, the survivorship depending upon the possession at the longer purse. There ought, however, to be no valid reason why both societies should not flourish in Scotland.

While pills and other purgatives only relieve biliousness and react, leaving the victims more prone to sluggishness of the liver, Esellay's Liver Lozenges cure positively and permanently.

FRENCH POLITICS.

Premier Dupuy Briefly Outlines the Government's Policy.

Paris, Nov. 21.—At the opening of today's session of the Chamber of Deputies, M. Casimir Perrier, President of the House, made a short speech of congratulation upon the Franco-Russian alliance.

M. Dupuy then read the government programme. The Ministry, he said, would oppose the proposition for the separation of church and state, the country not having returned a majority in its favor. It would also combat the re-establishment of the system of voting by list, justifying its stand on the results of the so far obtained district voting, and oppose an inquisitory progressive income tax. Continuing, M. Dupuy said that the government would oppose the socialists and other collectivists who are aspiring to substitute state tyranny for individual liberty. It would allow no change to be made in the education or military laws, which were leading features of the republic's legislation and were necessary to support the laws.

The Prime Minister promised that bills would be introduced providing for hygienic reforms, the care of abandoned children, the establishment of co-operative societies in which the laborer would share the profits, the conversion of four and a half per cent. rentes, a reform of the alcohol tax, the settlement of the Bank of France question, a reorganization of the police so as to give the public solid guarantees against the anarchists, and the regulation of the manufacture, sale and transportation of explosives. Measures respecting the liberty of association were also promised. The programme is an essentially moderate progressive one, and its announcement was received with cheers by the supporters of the government. M. Dupuy, upon finishing his reading, invited the chamber to immediately discuss the programme.

A vote was taken on the question, and it was carried by 291 to 221.

M. Jaures, the socialist, opened the discussion. The statements made just now by the prime minister were, he said, a declaration, not a programme. M. Dupuy had merely announced a war against the socialists.

No Cure, No Pay.

Men who are weak, nervous, broken down; men who suffer from the effects of disease, over-work, worry, from the follies of youth or the excesses of manhood; men who have failed to find a cure, do not despair, do not give up! Forty years experience has proved that Dr. Clarke's celebrated method of treatment can be depended on with absolute certainty to effect a permanent cure. So confident am I, that it will cure even the worst cases, that I am willing to let you deposit the **money in your local bank** to be paid me *after you are cured* and not until then; this makes you *absolutely* safe. If unable to call, send for **free Question List and be cured at Home.**

Everything sent sealed, secure from exposure.

Call or address, naming this paper

Dr. F. D. CLARKE, Merill Block, Detroit, Michigan

General News.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 22.—Fruit growers from all parts of the Pacific slope were present this morning when the 17th session of the Fruit Growers' Association of California was called to order. The meeting will continue for three days, during which time questions pertaining to transportation and fertilization will be discussed.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—Between this time and January 1st the board of directors of the World's fair hope to wind up their business. At the meeting of South Park board to-day the directors asked the commissioners to name the amount they wanted to take everything belonging to the corporation and absolve it from all liabilities. This proposition was a surprise to the commissioners. They promised to make calculations and submit a porposition to the directory. The directors told the park board that they were anxious to wind up their affairs, and intimated that they would pay for the absolution. If the buildings are accepted by the commissioners they will probably stand in Jackson park throughout next summer at least, and possibly several years.

"Only the Scars Remain,"

Says HENRY HUDSON, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., who certifies as follows:

"Among the many testimonials which I see in regard to certain medicines performing cures, cleansing the blood, etc., none impress me more than my own case. Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had swellings come on my legs, which broke and became running sores. Our family physician could do me no good, and it was feared that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old

Mother Urged Me

to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. **Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me.** I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed Ayer's Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

Flower Vases.

Speaking of house malaria, which is sometimes said to be due to the earth from growing plants kept in living rooms, before even seeking if these charges are unfounded, look to the water in the flower vases, which often becomes extremely unpleasant. An expert says:

"If you do not change the water in your flower vases at least every other day, it will become so putrid and offensive—unless heavily charged with charcoal lumps—that no scalding can sweeten the best glazed jar. Small vases should have two or three bits of charcoal kept in them and the water should be changed every day. Rinse well and then refill. The charcoal will serve its purpose for weeks. If the stems of the flowers are clipped daily as far up as they have softened, they will keep as sweet as at first. Then, too, as regards growing plants, depend upon it that, excepting aquatics, ferns and mosses, it may be said that the rooms that are healthy for plants will be found healthy for human beings. The exceptions mentioned, naturally thriving in shaded or marshy grounds, require an atmosphere not desirable for human health. But the average plant requires sunlight, warmth and plenty of fresh air to thrive well, and the human plant requires the same. Large jardinieres for plants that must be kept wet should have at least a quart of charcoal kept at the under part.—Boston Transcript.

Mr. Joseph Hemmerich

An old soldier, came out of the War greatly enfeebled by **Typhoid Fever,** and after being in various hospitals the doctors discharged him as incurable with **Consumption.** He has been in poor health since, until he began to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Immediately his cough grew looser, night sweats ceased, and he regained good general health. He cordially recommends Hood's Sarsaparilla, especially to comrades in the **G. A. R.**

HOOD'S PILLS cure Habitual Constipation by restoring peristaltic action...

✠ An important point of merit. ✠

Milk Granules

Is absolutely free from starchy matter, which is present in barley flour, and other infant foods, and contains no glucose and no cane sugar.

It is a scientific fact that infants under seven months of age cannot digest starchy foods.

Don't accept a substitute.

Johnston's Fluid Beef

is unequalled

In Flavor,
Nutrition,
and Digestibility.

The Best Tonic is

STAMINAL

because

The moment the tonic does its good work it carries with it a food to answer to the effect of the tonic.

Can any combination be more happy?

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

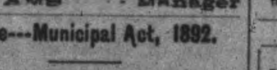
General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,

The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.



Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - Manager

Notice---Municipal Act, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a renewal of my license to sell wines, beer and spirituous liquors by retail in the premises known as "The Wilson" Hotel, situate on Lot 421 Yates street, in the City of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, 8th November, 1893.

WILLIAM KELDAY TULLOCH.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

Office: 90 Johnson St.

Hanna & Taylor

Successors to Lockhart & Co.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS

PARLORS: 42 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE
133 Government Street.
Private entrance on Pandora street.
Business strictly confidential. e19-tf

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company, to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line extending from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbottsford.

Dated the 26th day of August, 1893.

BODWELL & IRVING,
a29-tf Solicitors for the Applicants.

Assignment For Benefit of Creditors.

Amos J. Hughitt of Victoria and Genoa, B. C., carrying on business under the name of Hughitt & McIntyre, having made an assignment to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors, all persons having claims against the said assignor or against the firm of Hughitt & McIntyre are hereby required to send in their claims, duly verified, to Matthew Trotter Johnston, and persons indebted to the said assignor are required to pay their accounts to the undersigned

THOS. EARLE.
MATTHEW TROTTER JOHNSTON.
Assignees.
Victoria, 9th October, 1893. o10-tf

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, notice is hereby given that Amos J. Hughitt, carrying on business at Genoa and the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name, style and firm of Hughitt and McIntyre, has, by deed dated the 6th day of October, 1893, assigned all his real and personal property to Thomas Earle, of the City of Victoria, merchant, and Matthew Trotter Johnston, of the same place, merchant, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and assignees on this 6th day of October, 1893.

Dated 6th October, 1893.

THOMAS EARLE.
M. T. JOHNSTON.
Oct6-tf Assignees.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting by James Wishart and George G. Meldram for a ratification of the temporary transfer of a license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Clarence Hotel, situate on the corner of Douglas and Yates streets in the City of Victoria, from George Steily to the said James Wishart and George G. Meldram granted to them by the said board at its last sittings.

And further take notice that an application will also be made to the said board for a transfer of the said license from George Steily to James Wishart and George G. Meldram.

Dated this 9th day of October, A.D. 1893.

GEORGE STEILY,
JAMES WISHART.
GEORGE G. MELDRAM.
o9-1m

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of "An Act respecting certain works constructed in or over Navigable Waters," chapter 92, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, that John Taylor, of Victoria, British Columbia, intends to apply to the Governor-General in Council, for his approval of certain works and improvements to be constructed, made and done by the said John Taylor in and about Rock Bay in the harbor of the said city of Victoria, B.C., and that in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, he has deposited plans of the proposed works and improvements and a description of the proposed site of the same, with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and also with the Registrar-General of Titles at the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria in the said Province.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the said John Taylor.
Dated this 15th day of November, 1893.
n15-1m

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY,
3 Third street Victoria

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S

BreakfastCocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B.C.
(Mention this paper.)

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

Iron, Steel and Brass Founders

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 50 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystallizing, prevents blow holes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $20 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatsfield Furnace and Refining Co.,
Newport, Ky.
se20

THE ROBERTS SAFETY Water Tube MARINE BOILER

FOR YACHTS, LAUNCHES, AND OTHER STEAMERS.

THE

Original Fixed Water Line Pipe Boiler

NEARLY 400 IN USE!

SAFE, Reliable, Simple, Light Weight, Economical, No Shop Repairs, Small Space. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and other reading matter, with hundreds of enthusiastic letters from purchasers and engineers.

Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

DOTY ENGINE WORKS CO

MANUFACTURERS,
TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

VICTORIA, B C

Real Estate.

Lots 120x50, $125 per lot, good land.
One acre blocks, $350 per acre, good land.
Five acre blocks, $100 per acre, close to the Station on good and level land.
Lots, $50 per lot.
Thirty acres (11 acres bottom land cleared) with fine water front, splendid investment, $100 per acre.
One hundred acres, only $25 per acre.
Good farm, sale or lease.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

THE WEEKLY TIMES
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—

NEGLECTED Colds & Deep Seated Coughs

SAFELY AND SURELY CURED BY

Allen's Lung Balsam.

DO YOU WANT

To get a situation
To hire help
To let a room
To let a house
To buy anything
To sell anything

Then Try a "Times Liner,"

ONE CENT

Per word each insertion.

THEY ARE PLEASANT TO TAKE YET POWERFUL TO CURE

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES. 25 CENTS A BOX.

They do not irritate or rack and weaken the system like pills and other purgatives, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Biliousness, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood, or sluggish liver.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

Ladies,

Mother Green's Tansy Pills. Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 4 cents.

LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN

For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria. m-w-f-p

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.

DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE

DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases.

Sold by chemists throughout the world.

W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C.

1y20

Check.

Mr. Wordsworth Donisthorpe recently made a suggestion in the Chess Monthly, which is at any rate worthy of being discussed, and for which he claims the emphatic support of Messrs. Blackburne and Mason. It is, in two words, that we should abolish check. Mr. Donisthorpe means by this that the king should be treated like any other piece on the board, and that "check" should not be called to him when he is attacked, and that, if the attack be not evaded or covered, he should be liable to actual capture, which of course would bring the game to an end. This is logical enough, and it would lead to logical results. For if a player can leave his king "en prise," it will follow that he can put it "en prise," by way of wilful suicide or through inadvertence. And if he can do it, then he must, in cases where no other move is open to him.

One consequence in adopting this rule would be the abolition of stalemate. What we now call stalemate, and reckon as a draw would simply force the blockaded king "en prise," and would count as a win for the blockader. It is odd, by the way, that a suggestion to abolish stalemate should come from the most ingenious devisers of stale at chess, who has drawn many a hopeless game by this last recourse of the desperate, and who would now throw it away like a sucked orange. The temptation to agree with Mr. Donisthorpe is very great when we consider how largely this rule would diminish the number of draws. But with the disappearance of stalemate all play for the "opposition" would go by the board, and that would destroy one of the most interesting features of the end game. No phase of chess is more engrossing or critical than the final play of what is known as a pawn game; and nothing contributes more to the interest of such a game than the ultimate race for opposition. Against this elimination of sport Mr. Donisthorpe may set the advantage that king and knight or king and bishop would sometimes, under this rule, be able to force a win, which they cannot in any circumstances do at present; and so the number of draws would be diminished. It will be well to hear what other good players have to say on this point. The suggestion is pertinent and logical. Chess players may decide against it, but they cannot dismiss it as futile.—London Saturday Review.

Asthma Sufferers

Who have in vain tried other means of relief should try "Schiffmann's Asthma Cure." So waiting for results. Its action is immediate, direct and certain, as a single trial proves. Send to Dr. A. Schiffmann, St. Paul, Minn., for a free trial package, but ask your druggist first.

Sketches In and About Victoria:

AND ELSEWHERE.

AN OLD SALT'S YARN.

BY UNCLE JOHN.

In my wanderings about the highways and byways of the Queen City and its vicinity it has been sometimes a source of pleasure to me to drop alongside anyone who seemed inclined to talk. As not infrequently some interesting information can be obtained from these living books whose unwritten records of life and its lights and shadows had hitherto been unrecorded. I have not deemed it necessary to await any formal introduction in such casual intercourse, but have found it best to accept people as they are. By so doing I have occasionally learned things which a too particular enquirer might have missed. It is my purpose in these sketches to give illustrations of experiences by land and sea. But enough of myself; please to consider me simply as the medium through which each incident or character is brought before the reader.

One evening during the late summer I was sauntering in a well known spot [illegible] on my way to the west side to visit by moonlight some of the scenes described in the books of the early visitants of Victoria, when I jostled against an old weatherbeaten man, whose scanty white hair and wrinkled visage denoted the passage of many years. With an apology I was just stepping into the roadway when I found the old man still beside me, also bent upon crossing. As there was much traffic in the street, I lingered to adapt my pace to his, and on reaching the other side I remarked upon the lively aspect of the place.

"Ah, yes," said the old man, "the place is not so bad, considering, so to speak, that there was nor't around here but a lot o' dirty Injuns."

While speaking we had turned down a side street, and ere long stood nigh the railway bridge.

"Ah," said I, "you are probably an old settler here?"

"Wa'al, sort o' sich; not that I've had much o' settling; but I remember long afore any one came here, and when the first lot o' company's men logged up a block house here."

"Why, you must be able to tell something about those early days," I observed.

"Waal, yes, specs I could, though most of my airly days were spent at sea. But talkin's dry work, and my old legs is not wot they wor."

At this hint I could not avoid asking the old man to have some refreshment and rest in a quiet-looking saloon not far off. When seated I noticed that one of his cheeks was distended by a quid, so having a cake of "hard" in my pocket (I being an old sea-farer and smoker) I offered to cut him a plug.

"Thankee, and so I will, too, as this un's a nigh spent," and, taking out a mass of nauseous looking stuff, instead of throwing it away as I expected, he carefully placed it in the crown of his hat, where it was safely jammed in by a very dirty cotton handkerchief. Replacing his hat and tossing off a glass of old rye, which he took neat, I meanwhile partaking of some lager beer, the old sailor then introduced the limp of Cavendish I had cut off into his mouth, where, turning it about for a while, it at last settled into the well stretched cheek. Then, leaning back in his seat with a sigh of satisfaction, he exclaimed:

"Ah! I've seen some queer doings in them days. I suppose, now, you remimbers the Californy days?"

I nodded assent, being just then occupied in lighting my pipe.

"Wa-al, some time afore the run came on I shipped in Leverpool on a ship bound for Callao. I won't say the name, tho' I spees as all who was in the wessel are dead and gone long ago. The skipper and mate were both hard sin's and drunk like fish whenever we were out o' soundings; and then it was a bad time for the crew; make sail or take in sail, scrape and paint, splice and spin oakum, or somethink or tother. From morn till night, kept when the two were dead drunk in thes cabin, whenc the second mate, who was a lazy sort o' young feller, let things go easy like and 'low[illegible] to do much as they liked. Wa-al, things got from bad to wuss, until we were rounding the Horn, when one day the mate orders the watch to lay out on the fore yard arm and let out a reef. It was blowing nigh a gale and was terribly cold. The men stared and none of us cared to start aloft, for the topmasts were bending like whips, though not an inch of canvas was on her but the foresail and main topsail, close-reefed. It looked sort o' madness to let out reefs at such a time. But the mate cuss'd and swore, and going forrard struck about with a belaying pin, driving some of us into the shrouds, though one or two looked like murder at him. But it hadn't come to that yet. I was one o' three as lay out on the weather yard. The wind was like a knife, cutting our faces till they most bled. I was second, and a fine young feller, Tom Walsh, was first out. I had just cried out, 'Hold on, Tom,' when he got loose a point, when, somehow, snap, snap went one arter another, and the sail, bellying out sudden seemed to bust into ribbons, the pieces flapping in our faces like mad as we leaned over the yard. I managed to hold on, so did the man at my right hand, but poor Tom was caught by a strip o' canvas and sort o' strangled and flung off. He'd no time to cry out, but gone. We others got down somehow, and things looked bad on deck. The watch below had been called, and there was lots to do before we could get the ship afore the wind, for she had broached-to when the foresail went, the wheel had thrown the steersman over and stove his ribs, and before others could seize it and bring her head round all three topmasts had gone and the main topsail had to be cut away afore she righted. Wa-al, there we wus, with one poor chap gone and another hurt bad, and the rest of the men felt mad, I can tell ye, for 'twas all the mate's fault. The skipper was on deck, both him and the mate sobered by that time. Wa-al, by the time we had made sail we had blown well to the southard, and then arter some days we found ourselves at the east'ard of the Horn again. By that time the gale had nigh blown itself out, and we got an easterly touch and resumed out course again, but it took well on to three weeks to get well around. Soon as things had settled down summut, the skipper and mate began their old games of swigging and driving, and by the time we were smewhere in the lattitoode of Callao I could see that the men were ready for any mischief."

Here the old sailor looked at his empty glass—which I may here remark had been refilled several times—so I ordered a fresh supply, feeling interested in the story.

"Was you in the same angry feeling as your shipmates?" I asked.

"Wa-a-l, ser ree, master, I wur not a youngster at that time, and they looked to me as an old man to back them up."

As the old man paused to eject a volume of juice, I looked at him with a half-dazed feeling. How could this be? I asked myself. He looked about 75 at least, and now it seems that he was an old hand some 45 years ago. I did not like to give utterance to my thoughts, however, as he seemed so honest and truthful, and he went on.

"Wa-a-l, as I wur saying, things begun to look bad, and one day, when the mate was more savage than ever, he hit Dick Hall, a young wiry sort o' feller, cause he answd him, and in a minnit the mate was down, with Dick atop on him smashing his fists into his face and knocking his head agin the deck, while the mate roared like a bull. In the midst on it up rushes the skipper with the big ship's glass in his fist, and fust hitting Dick over the head, then out with it all round, crying out, 'Mutiny, by God!' There wur a regler up and down scrimmage for a minnit or two, and when I looked round, arter things got a bit quieter, I couldn't see either the skipper or mate—they wur clean gone, nobody seemed to know how, though the second mate, who had come up half dressed, asked all round. But none of us knowed, least of all, I didn't. But Dick and a big Norwegun looked alarmed for a minnit, I thought, as if the sharks we saw there could have told somethink, if they wur asked. The second mate was in a bad way for a while, and did all he could by shortening sail and clewing up, and we cruised about in a boat for more en a hour. But Lor', 'twas no use. So sail was made again, and the mate called the bosun, and told him he must take a watch. Wa-a-l, arter about two weeks we were a droring nigh to our port, when one morning when it was my watch below, I was woke by a sort of stifling feeling, and d'rectly smelt smoke. Out I jumps and rouses the rest of the watch and soon bundled up. The chaps on deck were laying about smoking and yawning, fur it were nigh a calm. The bosun wur in charge and soon we had a fore hatch off, when sudden up rushed a cloud of smoke, and afore we could clap it on agin the flames wur half-mast high. The mate was now on deck, and he orders the deck to be scuttled each side of the fore-hatch and the pump rigged. But all was no use. So the boats were got out—and none too soon, for while we were getting the long boat over the side, the main hatch blowed up. However, we dropped her in the water safe, and veered her astern. Then the pinnace was got out pretty quick, and water and grub and plenty of other stores were got in, for the helm had been lashed to keep her afore the wind, which had freshened, and presently the mate gave the word to cast off, for fear of the powder as was under the cabin hatch. 'Twor a singlar thing that every man Jack on us had his bag and overalls, and as the fire had broke out forrard the mate had been able to save the log book and instruments, as well as some small cases of dollars. Wa-al, the masts were stepped and sails got on the boats. There wos twelve in the longboat, including the mate, and nine on us in the pinnace, the bosun, Sam Clowder, in charge. The mate said we could make Callao in a week, if the wind held as it was. So after a while, when we had seen the old ship burned pretty well down, off goes the powder, and soon arter she settled down, and we up helms and made for the nor'west an' by west, as was the course the mate give us. We got on well for a while, but one morning I saw summat wur wrong in the longboat, and presently her sails were lowered, and we run alongside, and found the mate and three others lying under the thwarts, tiel hand and foot, while the stooard, a mulatter, was tumbled down in the boat with a nasty crack on the head. Now it sartinly wor a queer thing that none o' the pinnace's crew seemed a bit surprised. In fact the bosun now took charge; the boats were laid alongside each other, while some of the stores were shifted into the longboat. Then the mate and the others were chucked into the pinnace and she was cast off with her masts down and the gear cut, with the sails thrown over them as they lay in a heap. She was then cast off, and with sails full and oars out we soon ran her out o' sight. Our course, the bosun said, was to the southard of Callao, and in a couple of days we made a port called Pisco. Waal, there we all separated, each with a good lot o' dollars. I knocked about there for some time, till my pockets were empty, when I shipped aboard a vessel trading for hides and taller, and it was on that vy'ge I saw this ere port fust time, though I had seen the island long afore. We stayed hece a week or so, bartering wi' the Injuns for their pelts."

Here the old man stopped as if his story was ended.

"Why," I exclaimed, "how was it you all escaped? There had been first mutiny and then murder, and then mutiny and robbery in the boats. Did no one suspect you at Pisco?"

"Why, now, how could they suspect a poor shipwrecked crew? 'Sides, there wur no consuls there in them days. Howsomdever, I never heard no news o' any o' the crew. Waal, here's to yer, master," and he finished his last glass. So, seeing that his eyes were looking very fishy, and no more narrative to be expected for the present, I bade the old salt goodnight and took my homeward way, musing over all that I had heard and marvelling at the extraordinary age of this old man. Upon examining my pocket later on, I found that just one dollar and a half had been expended in old rye and three glasses of lager beer, the latter being all I had indulged in. I promised myself, however, to drop alongside my old friend again ere long.

UNCLE JOHN.

There is Danger in It.

It is extremely foolish for persons of delicate health or weak lungs to harbor a suspicious cough from day to day. Thousands of people in Canada to-day are foolishly drawing themselves near the grave through the "little neglected cough." Our counsels and admonitions have in the past saved many valuable lives. We cannot too often sound our warning notes to those who are in peril. We implore you to do as others have done with coughs, sore and ulcerated throats and all affection of the bronchial tubes—go at once and procure a supply of that wonderful Harvard bronchial syrup, which instantly allays all irritation, stops the cough, and soothes every organ of the throat. The almost miraculous action of Harvard bronchial syrup has attracted the closest attention of physicians. Thousands of men and women have strongly testified to its efficacy and healing powers in serious cases of bronchial troubles and lung diseases.

At this season of the year, which is variable wet and cold weather, no individual is safe unless provided with a bottle of Harvard bronchial syrup.

Esellay's Liver Lozenges are not bringing the dead to life or performing unheard of miracles, but they are bringing health and sunshine to many a home previously clouded with troubles resulting from biliousness and torpid liver. 25cts a box at all drug stores.

San Francisco, Nov. 21. Peter Cuevich, lunatic, who escaped from the Stockton insane asylum a week ago, was captured on the river steamer Dauntless this morning. Cuevich made a desperate resistance before he was taken into custody. He has been placed in prison to await the arrival of Chief Cunningham of San Joaquin to take him back to Stockton.

The fall of the year is a trying season for elderly people. The many cheerless, dark, dismal days act depressingly, not to say injuriously, on both old and young. Now is the time to re-inforce the vital energies with Ayer's Sarsaparilla—the best of all blood medicines.

THE GREAT

Hudyan

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

Hudyan is purely vegetable.

Hudyan stops Premature ness of the discharge in 20 days.

Cures

BEFORE LOST AFTER MANHOOD

Constipation, Dizziness, Failing Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility Nervousness, and develops and restores weak organs. Palns in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private endorsements.

Prematureness means impotency on the dis stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and barrenness. It can be stopped in 20 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Special ist of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent to you free of all charges. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
1032 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

SNOWFLAKE

FLOUR

—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership existing since 1889 between Di Chu, Yee Pook, Dap Um and Ham Foo, under the firm name of Yick Lung & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Di Chu retiring. The firm will not be responsible for any bills contracted by Di Chu after this date. Bills of all goods heretofore purchased by Di Chu must be presented before December 1st, 1893.

YEE POOK,
DAP UM,
HAM FOO,
(Yick Lung & Co., 34 Fisgard St.)

Victoria, November 16, 1893. n16-1m

Canada Settlers' Loan and Trust Company, Limited (Foreign).

Registered the 13th Day of November, 1893.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.

This is to certify that I have this day registered the "Canada Settlers' Loan and Trust Company, Limited," (Foreign) under the Companies' Act, Part IV, Registration of Foreign companies and the Companies' Act Amendment Act, 1889."

The objects for which the company is established are:—

A. To carry on the business of a Loan and Trust Company in all its branches.

B. To lend money for any term to any person, partnership, corporation or association.

C. To purchase, take, or lease, or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property rights or privileges which the company may think suitable or convenient for any purposes of its business, and to erect and construct buildings and works of all kinds.

D. To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business or property and to undertake any liabilities of any person, firm, association, or company, possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of this company, or carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which can be conviently carried on in connection with the same, or may seem to the company, calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and as the consideration for the same to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks, or obligations of this company.

E. To purchase, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire, and to hold the shares, stocks or obligations of any company in the United Kingdom, or elsewhere, and upon a distribution of assets or division of profits, to distribute any such shares, stocks or obligations amongst the members of this company in specie.

F. To borrow or raise money for any purposes of the company and for the purpose of securing the same and interest or for any other purpose, to mortgage or charge the undertaking or all or any part of the property of the company present or after acquired or its uncalled capital, and to create, issue, make, draw, accept and negotiate perpetual or redeemable debentures of debenture stock, bills of exchange, promissory notes, or other obligations or negotiable instruments.

G. To sell, let, develop, dispose of, or otherwise deal with the undertaking, or all or any part of the property of the company, whether acquired in the course of its business as mortgagees or otherwise upon any terms, with power to accept as the consideration, any shares, stocks, or obligations of any other company.

H. To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incident to the formation, registration, and advertising of the company, and the issue of its capital, including brokerage and commissions for obtaining applications for or placing shares, and to apply at the cost of the company to parliament for any extension of the company's powers.

I. To carry out all or any of the foregoing objects as principals or agents, or in partnership, or conjunction with any other person, firm, association, or company, and in any part of the world.

J. To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The amount of the capital stock of the said company is five hundred thousand pounds sterling divided into fifty thousand shares of ten pounds each.

The place of business of the said company is located at the city of Victoria, Province of British Columbia.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office, the 13th day of November, 1893, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

(Signed) C. J. LEGGATT,
N18 Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Neuralgia and Lumbago Permanently Cured in a Few Minutes.

Eye Water Formula by late Sir Henry Marsh, Her Majesty's physician, better than any eye-glass; sure cure. Price, 25 cents.

Toothache (Hollow Tooth) Cure, almost instantaneous and permanent, no pain. Price, 50 cents. Apply to Prof. Tottenham, 56 Pandora street, Victoria. AGENTS: The leading druggists in Victoria, Messrs. Shotbolt, C. E. Jones, E. J. Atwood and C. H. Bowes.

NOTICE.

Thunder Hill Mining Co'y, Limited.

An Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the offices of the Company, 44 Government Street, Victoria, B. C., on Tuesday, the 5th December, 1893, at 8 p.m.

Objects—Reorganisation, and disposition of the Company's property, and generally, the Company's affairs.

By order of the Board of Directors,
S. ASHLAND,
Nov2-1m Secretary.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a renewal of the license held by me to sell wine and beer, in the Balmoral Restaurant, on Douglas street, situated between View and Fort streets.

F. W. GARLAND.
Victoria, B.C., Nov. 14. n14-3d

AT LAST WE HAVE IT—Keen, bright and brainy men and women wanted everywhere to take orders for "SHEPP'S WORLD'S FAIR PHOTOGRAPHED." Only book of copyrighted photographs of buildings, scenes and exhibits of the World's Columbian Exposition; Authorized by the Exposition Management; Official certificate accompanies each volume. Bonanza for workers; drop everything and handle it; you will make money fast; books ready; credit given; big commissions; illustrated circulars, terms, FREE. Address Globe Bible Pub. Co., 358 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill., or Phila., Pa. s16-eod-26t

Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for the transfer to William Joseph Phillips of the license now held by us for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the American Hotel, situate upon Yates Street in the said city of Victoria.

Dated this 8th day of November, 1893.

ROBERT DUDDON,
HARRY BRICE.

Nov8-1m

Notice---Municipal Act, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a renewal of my license to sell wines, beer and spirituous liquors by retail in the premises known as Duck's Building, situate on Lots numbers 150 A and 160 A, Block 2, Broad Street, in the City of Victoria, B. C.

Dated at Victoria 10th November, 1893.

n10 M. C. BROWN.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a renewal of the license held by me to sell wine, beer and spirituous liquors in the Hotel Victoria, corner of Government and Johnson streets, Victoria, B.C.

P. T. PATTON,
Victoria, Nov. 10, 1893. td

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at the next sitting, to be held on Wednesday, the 13th day of December, 1893, for a renewal of the license granted to me for the sale of wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Janion Hotel, situate upon the west side of Store street in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 10th day of November, 1893.

JOHN TURNER.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—

A Novel

—FOR—

3 1/3 cts.

CHOICE BOOKS almost Given Away to Readers of the

VICTORIA TIMES

The BEST BOOKS by the Best Authors at One-Third of their Value.

The Times' Book Offer

To any Times subscriber who will send us Four of the following Coupons (which may be cut from four issues of the same date, or from four issues of different dates), accompanied by Ten Cents in postage stamps, we will send post-paid by mail Any Three Books to be selected by yourself from the list printed below:—

Cut out and send to this office Four of the above Coupons, together with Ten Cents, and we will send you post-paid Any Three of the following books:—

No. 1. THE SCARLET LETTER. By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 2. THE MYSTERY OF COLDFELL; or, NOT PROVEN. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 3. UNDER THE RED FLAG. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 4. KING SOLOMON'S MINES. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 5. AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS. By Jules Verne.
No. 6. THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 7. LADY GRACE. By Mrs. Henry Wood.
No. 8. AVERIL. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 9. THE BLACK DWARF. By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 10. A NOBLE LIFE. By Miss Mulock.
No. 11. THE BELLE OF LYNN; or, THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 12. THE BLACK TULIP. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 13. THE DUCHESS. By "The Duchess."
No. 14. NURSE REVEL'S MISTAKE. By Florence Warden.
No. 15. MERLE'S CRUSADE. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 16. A STUDY IN SCARLET. By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 17. ROCK RUIN; or, THE DAUGHTER OF THE ISLAND. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.
No. 18. LORD LISLE'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 19. THE ARMORER OF TYRE. By Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
No. 20. MR. GILFIL'S LOVE STORY. By George Eliot.
No. 21. A SCARLET SIN. By Florence Marryatt.
No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captain Marryatt.
No. 23. THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.
No. 24. MR. MEESON'S WILL. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 25. JENNY BARLOWE. By W. Clarke Russell.
No. 26. BEATON'S BARGAIN. By Mrs. Alexander.
No. 27. THE SQUIRE'S DARLING. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 28. THE RUSSIAN GIPSY. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By Charles Reade.
No. 30. FLOWER AND WEED. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 31. NO THOROUGHFARE. By Chas. Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 32. THE GREAT HOGGARTY DIAMOND. By W. M. Thackeray.

The above books are well printed and bound in paper covers. They are sold regularly at retail for ten cents each, so that our offer enables our readers to buy them at one-third of their value. It is a chance to secure standard works of fiction at merely nominal cost.

One of the above coupons will be published in every issue of the Times until further notice. Cut out and save them until you have four, when they can be sent to the office and the three books of your selection obtained. Then you can again save the coupons until you have four more when you can secure three more books, and so on.

We make this liberal offer, knowing some of the best works of fiction in the English language may be secured by our readers for the merest trifle of expense, in order to increase our circulation. Our Present Readers will Greatly Oblige us by Calling the attention of their Friends to the fact that by buying The Times they can secure the advantages of our Great Book Offer. Address:—

N.B.—Of the stock of books first received several of the numbers in the above list are exhausted, but another supply will be received in two weeks' time. All orders which include any of the missing novels will be filed pending arrival of new supply. This explanation will account for any delay that may occur in receiving books.)

THE TIMES,
Victoria, B C

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. ate. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 102 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER ARCHITECT. Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, Has removed to new offices corner of Broad reet and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

BANJO and Guitar instructions by Chicago's popular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Reamer, Five Sister Block. n4

FRANK BOURNE (25 years experience), The leading Piano Tuner and Repairer. Send post card or call at 134 Fort St. (Six years resident.) Terms moderate. oct

MADAM LAIRD, Teacher of Vocal Music in all its branches. For terms apply at studio, 161 Vancouver St., corner of Pandora.

E. G. WICKENS, Professor of Music, from the Royal Academy and Guild Hall Schools of Music, London, Eng., is prepared to receive Pupils for Violin, Viola, Cello, Piano and Cornet, &c.; also Harmony and Counterpoint. Terms moderate. Address, 71 View St., near Catholic Ch. Sept22-3m.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 422.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

J. DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary. ja16

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy28 d. A BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 139, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, 1-19 Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 4, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend. E. PEMBROKE, oct9 K. of R. &S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. K. J. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE, Government street, Victoria, B. C., Wholesale and Retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping promptly at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. 137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST, Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B C. Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving to all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

S. A. STODDART, The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street. Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c New Main Springs, 75c. Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT, 934 Douglas Street.

JOSEPH SEARS, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger, Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc. 114 Yates Street.

Maternity Home, (LATE SAMARITAN) Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard, corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

VICTORIA THEATRE. ONE NIGHT ONLY. THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 23. American Tour. Of the Distinguished Italian Actress. Madeline Merli. In a masterly English Production of her European success. "The Story of a Kiss." "It is not what we do, but what we resist that is a test of morality." PRICES AS USUAL. Seats now on sale at Jamieson's.

MISCELLANEOUS

YOUNG GIRL wants situation as waitress. Address R., Times office. n20-3t

WANTED PARTNER—In first class cash grocery doing good business; will bear investigation. Apply 139 Yates street. n20-3

FOR SALE—A cheap improved farm, 160 acres, on the Koksilah river, near McPherson's Station. Price reduced to $1200. A. W. MORE & CO., 70 Douglas St.

FOR SALE—A two-story new house on Francis Avenue, Saanich Road, 5 rooms. Price reduced to $875; $100 cash down. Douglas street car passes the house. A. W. MORE & CO., 70 Douglas street.

WANTED—Furnished cottage, five or six rooms, vicinity Fort and Vancouver; only two in family; state price. Box Q. R., Times office. n10-tf

FOR SALE—A few thoroughbred Berkshire pigs for breeding purposes. Write for prices. J. D. Bryant, Young P. O., B. C. n10-2m-d&w

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 28, N.E. corner of Five Sisters Block, Fort street. o10-tf

PRACTICAL NAVIGATION TAUGHT by Captain J. Nickells. Terms, etc., on application at E. & N. R.R. boat house, Nov. 1-1m.

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 35cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, 5cts. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. wed-26t-o11

FOR SALE—Lot No. 1218 in the city of Victoria, B. C., with house thereon numbered 34 Collinson street. Apply to Belyea & Gregory, or J. C. Prevost. o27-1m

FOR SALE—Two lots in Victoria West. Enquire at Half Way House. o14-1m

PIANO TUNING—Room 28, N.E. corner of Five Sisters Block, Fort street. o10-tf

TO LET—From 21st October instant, the "Albion House," 61 Government Street. For terms and particulars apply to 52 Langley Street, Victoria. Oct2-tf

LOST—A bunch of keys. Finder will please return to Times office. n27-1f

TO LET—Two good bedrooms for gentlemen, and housekeeping accommodation for a married couple at Miss McCandlish's 63 Superior street. n27-1f

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH, BUTCHER AND PACKER, 72 Yates street. Oc.17

Ask for 'GRANBY' Rubber Boots & Shoes.

REMOVAL. On and after November 1st G. D. McMARTIN'S BARBER SHOP Will be removed from Douglas street to 67 Yates street, near Broad. The new shop will be fitted in first-class style, baths in connection; everything new; competent workmen. CENTRAL SHAVING PALORS, G. D. McMARTIN, Proprietor. o26-1m

FOR SALE.

The following desirable residence and grounds are offered for sale by private contract. No. 204 Yates street, in the city of Victoria, better known and described as Lot No. 972, according to the official map of the city. The house is situated on the north side of Yates street, and is built of brick with stone foundation, and is almost new and in first-class repair, with 10 rooms, bathroom and basement, stable and outbuildings; within ten minutes' walk of the P. O. Apply to JOHN HAGGERTY, 185 Yates Street. ALAN S. DUMBLETON, 51 Langley street, n18-1m Victoria, B.C.

FOR SALE.

The lease and furniture of about 50 finely furnished rooms in connection with a first class hotel, centrally located and clearing $250 per month above expenses. Every room occupied. For further particulars apply to WINNETT & COOPER, n15-1m 18 Trounce Avenue.

An Extraordinary Point of Law.

A judgment which will interest strangers has been given by the Tribunal of Commerce in Paris. In July a Madame Labre was on the top of an omnibus in the Champs Elysee when a waggon was passing in a different direction, and about to turn a corner. It was laden with masts that projected considerably before and behind the vehicle. As the waggon was wheeling round a mast struck the lady on the shin bone and inflicted a compound fracture. The waggoner drove off, and was never heard of. Madame Labre brought an action for damages against the omnibus company, which pleaded that it was not to blame. Her counsel, however, pleaded that there was an implied contract on the part of the company to convey its fares in absolute safety. The conductor and driver should have been on the lookout, but whether they were or not did not bear upon the case. The Tribunal adopted this view. If the company chose it might seek out the waggoner and sue his employer for the amount of damages it had to pay to Madame Labre—namely, £320. The Civil Tribunal has always ruled in the sense of responsibility being only incurred through negligence.

50c Skein Scotch Wool At Russell & McDonald's.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited; At No. 87 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION: Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts. By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1 50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out. Address THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY, WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

Changes of Advertisements. It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

THE MCGREEVY CASE.

Thomas McGreevy and Nicholas Connolly have each been sentenced to one year's imprisonment. This is a termination of the trial which very few people expected, and even now there are very few who will expect to see the two men serve out their terms. It cannot be said the sentence is any too severe for the offense with which they were charged, and of which the jury found them guilty, for the crime of conspiring to rob the public treasury is no light one. But there is a very general feeling that these two offenders did not profit by their own sin; their stealings went into the election campaign fund of which McGreevy was treasurer. Every decent and self-respecting Conservative must feel humiliated when he thinks of these two old men being condemned to pass a year in prison for an offense committed in the interest of the Conservative party. Then there is the widespread impression that these two are in reality sinners of the smaller kind, and that justice is but poorly served while they are unaccompanied by those men in high positions of whom Mr. Aylesworth spoke. Further, there is the idea that if Thomas McGreevy had chosen to open his lips he could have placed some of those exalted gentlemen in very ugly places, and if the jury could not find it in their hearts to reward him for his party fealty with an acquittal perhaps the Minister of Justice will take it into his consideration. McGreevy and Connolly will never be regarded by the public as the principals in the gigantic scheme of public robbery with which they were connected. Their conviction is practically the conviction of the government under which such crimes were possible. The men really guilty will never be punished by imprisonment, but some of them are yet in a position to feel the weight of public censure, for we cannot believe that the people of Canada will always be ready to condone grave crimes against the country. Bribery in elections is bad, but the sin is more than doubled when the bribing is done with the money stolen from the people's own pockets. And then a campaign fund stolen from the public treasury is only a shade less objectionable than a fund contributed by beneficiaries of an iniquitous customs tariff, from the inordinate profits which it renders possible. Such money is also stolen from the people though less directly than that which McGreevy and Connolly handled.

TROUBLE AHEAD.

There is a very stong probability that the Dominion government will find itself in a peck of troubles because of the commercial treaty with France which Sir Charles Tupper helped to negotiate last year. It will be remembered that Minister Foster last session spoke disapprovingly of this treaty and said he was unwilling to ask parliament for its ratification. That is still the feeling on the part of nearly all the ministers and all who have looked into the treaty at all carefully. But this hesitation to accept and ratify his treaty has been very displeasing to the high commissioner, and also to his son, the minister of marine; and there is little doubt about the correctness of the statement that their resignations have been for some time in Sir John Thompson's hands, to be accepted if the treaty is not ratified. It was this action on their part which led the Halifax Herald, the chief organ of the government in Nova Scotia, to say some time ago that if the two Tuppers resigned "they would not carry two Maritime province constituencies with them." The Herald at the same time indulged in a severe criticism of the treaty, which it represented as opposed to Canadian interests. It was not long afterwards that the following dispatch went out from Ottawa: "Before leaving for the east to-day Sir Hibbert Tupper stated that the treaty with France, negotiated by his father, would be ratified by parliament next session. There was nothing else to be done as the treaty was made by the Imperial government. Parliament might censure the government for negotiating the treaty but could not refuse to accept it." Sir Hibbert was wrong in asserting that parliament must ratify the treaty, but he would have been quite right if he had said that the government must ask parliament to ratify it. The treaty has now all the force of an executive act, and the government must stand or fall by it. If the ministers do not care to face parliament with the objectionable treaty, or if parliament throws it out, then the ministers lose their offices. They may therefore be expected to ask for ratification, and the Tory majority in parliament is quite slavish enough to grant the request.

A dispatch from Woodstock, Ont., of Nov. 17th, says:

"A citizens' mass meeting here to-night passed a strong resolution protesting against the $50 poll tax now enacted on every Chinese entering Canada, and calling upon the Dominion government for its repeal. The resolution condemns the poll tax as invidious and calculated to generate bitterness in China against Canada, and to hinder the work of Christian missionaries among Chinese. The agitation has been called forth by the recent imposition of a poll tax on a young Chinese student brought to this country by the Rev. Dr. Mackay, returned Presbyterian missionary from Formosa."

The good people of Woodstock might better save their breath, for there is no prospect of the "poll tax" being abolished. If the Woodstock people want the Chinese among them their taste differs much from that of the people on this coast. It is quite probable that if they had the experience of the coast residents they would be as much in favor of Chinese restriction. The Woodstock folks, like others in the east, speak from the depths of a profound ignorance, or they would know that the unrestricted importation of Chinese heathenism here would be a very high price to pay for all the missionaries can accomplish in China.

The Ottawa Journal refers to a rumor that the Dominion government has recently imported from the States a number of barrels of lubricating oil, on which, of course, no duty was paid. It says that it has been unable to get an explanation, so it seems quite likely that the rumor is well founded. There is nothing surprising in this, for the government has more than once been caught in evasions of its own N. P.

The Colonist reproduces a passage from the Times to prove that its own interpretation thereof was correct. For this favor we are much obliged, and all we ask is that our neighbor at all times quote our words without putting its own meaning into them. We have quite faith enough in the intelligence of Colonist readers to believe that they can understand plain English, if the Colonist itself cannot.

MORE ADVERTISING SUGGESTED

To the Editor: However much we may admire the beauties of our city and its surroundings, or however much we may depend upon her future prospects, there is one thing which must be confessed, and that is that we have been, and are, almost criminally negligent in not making these beauties and these resources better known abroad.

As an hotel man I very frequently meet with travellers who come to Victoria more through accident than otherwise—come here by chance to see "the little place over on the island which is known as the capital of the province." If Victoria were but better known I have no doubt whatever that our tourist as well as our commercial business would be considerably enhanced. Now that regular communication has been established between this port and the Orient, as well as Australasia, we should expect better things. But the fact is that the place is not properly represented at the various important ports of call of the Empresses or the Australian line of steamers.

I would suggest that reliable data as to the resources of Victoria—and Vancouver Island generally for that matter—be gathered and published in a taking manner; the city with its many splendid buildings, private as well as public, its walks and drives, its commercial standing, its harbors and docks, etc., official returns as to imports, exports and trade facilities—in fact, a compilation of information of interest to all visitors. Such literature, I would suggest, should be judiciously distributed at hotels, ticket offices, railway depots, etc., at the principal ports of call of the C. P. R. and Australian steamers.

So sanguine am I as to the good which would result from such a course that I would myself undertake to act as the advertising agent, and distribute such literature as outlined at the places indicated, charging nothing for my services. I should like to hear from others who take an interest in the welfare of Victoria on this point, or perhaps the board of trade would think the matter of sufficient importance to take some action on it.

I believe it would be desirable to have a good lithograph—a bird's eye view of Victoria—such a picture as would be a credit to our city and be given a place on the walls of ticket offices, hotels, etc.

Such a scene as that presented at the outer wharf on Thursday last would be a credit to any port: nine or ten steamers with a couple of large sailing craft, loading or discharging simultaneously.

Then our new parliamentary buildings might be fairly included in the picture, as well as the many other respectable structures of recent date.

WM. JENSEN.

Victoria, Nov. 21.

Ladies Be in time and have first choice at the "Great Emotional Sale" which commences to-morrow morning at the Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street.

Ladies' Fur Trimmed Capes Half price at Russell & McDonald's.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

James Tilley's store and dwelling, blacksmith shop, and a large quantity of lumber were burned at Peterboro. Loss heavy, insurance light.

S. Alison, of Sudbury, has been brought to the Kingston penitentiary to serve two years for an attempt at suicide by poison. He is the first person ever received in any prison in Canada for this crime.

The Liberals of Quebec will give Hon. Mr. Laurier a grand banquet in the new Pacific hotel on Friday, Dec. 12th. Leading Liberals of the Dominion will be invited.

The barns belonging to the Lincoln County Industrial Home, with this season's crop, farm implements and stock, were burned. Loss, $1,000; partly insured.

Rev. J. C. Ash of Cambray his been suspended from the ministry of the Methodist church until the conference meets, as a result of certain charges made against him.

L'Etendard, the old Ultramontane daily paper which suspended some months ago, will be resurrected on Dec. 2nd. It will be a Conservative paper and the personal organ of Hon. J. A. Ouimet.

P. Monaghan, secretary of the royal commission on prohibition, says that one or two more sessions of the commission will be held in Montreal before the final draft of the report is sent to parliament.

At Cheltenham Peter Sinclair, a highly respected farmer, died from the effects of a kick from a horse. His wife was in poor health and the shock caused her death the same evening. Both were buried in one grave.

The bodies of Barbeau and Bonas, two of the men drowned in Lake Nipissing off the ill-fated steamer John B. Fraser on Nov. 6th, were recovered yesterday. The two men belonged to Cache Bay, and the bodies have been taken there for burial. These are the only bodies yet recovered.

A convention of East Peterboro Conservatives was held to nominate a candidate for the local house, but it adjourned without making a selection. Among the speakers at the convention were Dr. Ryerson, M. P., who declared for the abolition of separate schools, provided the courts declare that the legislature has the power to do so.

Sir James Grant was chosen as the Conservative candidate for the vacancy in Ottawa created by Mr. Mackintosh's appointment as lieutenant-governor of the northwest territories. The Young Conservatives made a determined effort to secure the nomination of their representative, R. G. Code, a rising young barrister. On the final ballot Dr. Grant was successful by a majority of six votes.

With reference to President Van Horne's letter to the English shareholders of the C. P. R., spoken of in London cablegrams, that gentleman says the communication referred to was not originally intended for publication. It was simply a letter written to a prominent shareholder in reply to one received from him while Mr. Van Horne was in London. He subsequently gave this shareholder permission to use the letter in any way he say fit.

The village of Hazeldeene, in Carleton county, is disturbed by trouble in the Anglican church there. On Sunday the rector, Rev. W. H. Halley, appeared in a cassock. Several prominent members of the congregation, including Mr. Thomas Hodgins, M. P. for Carleton, rose and left the church. They claim that when Mr. Halley came there he agreed not to wear a cassock nor to favor other high church practices. It is learned also that the rector, being recently authorized to purchase a bishop's chair for use when the bishop came around for the confirmation services, the chair was found to have a cross carved on the back. The parishioners insisted on the cross being removed, which was done with a chisel. Mr. Halley, however, has the support of many in the congregation who like and respect him personally. Further trouble is expected.

LEHIGH RAILWAY STRIKE.

Situation Practically Unchanged—Passengers on Time.

Shamokin, Pa., Nov. 22.—The situation is unchanged; 30 freight cars left for Delano last evening. It is stated on the best authority that the Reading Railroad will not ask its former employes to take positions on the Lehigh Valley road. Those who have done so did so voluntarily. At Mauch Chunk, Allentown and Slatingtown all is quiet. Jersey Central passenger trains are carrying extra cars owing to the rush of business over its line throughout the Lehigh Valley. Freight accumulating on the east Pennsylvania branch of the Lehigh will be turned over to the Jersey Central until the Lehigh is in a position to receive it.

Bethlehem, Pa., Nov. 22.—There is no material change in the passenger train service. They are a little behind at Packerton but the officials are hiring crews.

Easton, Pa., Nov. 22.—The company are running more engines to-day than they did yesterday. Officials deny that all the old engineers have left. One freight and one coal train were moved away to-day. The passengers are moving on schedule time.

Pottsville, Pa., Nov. 22.—Fourteen collieries are idle to-day on account of the strike.

Sayre, Pa., Nov. 22.—Up to 10:25 the Lehigh had succeeded in getting out two freight trains. No resistance was offered. Passenger trains from Wilkesbarre arrived on time. No mails have left over the Auburn division since Monday night.

Newark, N. J., Nov. 22.—The Lehigh freight car which was to have been transferred to the New York Central at Brills last night, and which the Central employees refused to handle, was this morning run on the tracks of the Central without opposition. The yardmaster was convinced that it was a Central freight.

Waverley, N.Y., Nov. 22.—It is reported from Rochester Junction that two cars of armed men have left there for Sayre. A committee of the strikers appealed to the sheriff to disarm the men, as they are from a foreign state.

New York, Nov. 22.—Fifty switchmen employed in the yard of the Lehigh Valley in Jersey City went out on strike this morning, completely paralyzing local traffic.

Columbia, O., Nov. 22.—Father J. B. Elss, of the Sacred Heart church, was shot through the right arm by two burglars who aroused him while ransacking the house this morning, but the plucky priest ejected them both by main force.

Jersey City, Nov. 22.—The Lehigh switchmen did not refuse to move the freight, as first reported. They merely refused to touch the car until they were assured it contained Central freight. Lehigh passenger trains are going out on time, but those coming in are late. Efforts to move the freight trains are expected soon.

A MISSING GIANT.

John Grant's Disappearance—More Burglars.

New Westminster, Nov. 22.—Thomas Kitchen and C. B. Sword, M. P. P.'s, have arranged to hold a series of meetings throughout the section.

Burglars attempted to enter Archdeacon Woods' house last night, but were frightened off.

John Grant, surveyor's assistant, who was up north on a government survey all summer, has been missing two weeks. He left his outfit in his room at the hotel. Grant is 6 feet 6 inches tall and a giant in strength. His friends are very anxious.

There was seven degrees of frost here last night.

Jurors of the Stroebel murder cases, say not one of them was in favor of hanging the accused, and all would have voted his acquittal, but for several circumstances which could not be explained in his favor.

INDIGNANT CONSUMERS.

A Main That Bursts Everlastingly—Charitable Children.

Vancouver, Nov. 22.—H. M. S. Royal Arthur arrived this morning.

The water main has burst under the Narrows again and there is much anger among the consumers.

The school children brought to school as many apples or potatoes as they were years old. The result was nearly 40 sacks to be divided among the two children's homes in this city.

Edna Keeley's manager cancelled Victoria and Nanaimo engagements and left for home this morning.

Spanish America.

Ciudad, Juarez, Mex., Nov. 22.—The revolutionists are in earnest, of that there can be no doubt. They feel confident they can overcome Diaz, or at least force from him a number of concessions. One of their camps is situated sixty miles inland from here. In this party are ninety men, well armed and equipped. Manuel Garcia, with the rank of colonel, is in command. In an interview he said: "We have enlisted in this cause to stay. There can be no backward steps taken now. Bridges are burned behind us. Should we disband we would be hunted down and shot like wild beasts, so it is best to fight it out. Diaz and his henchmen whom he has in power have departed from constitutional forms of government and are usurpers and tyrants. Unnecessary and unjust taxes are wrung from the people, and we propose to drive them out. The people are with us, and our forces are constantly increasing."

"How many men have you?"

"We have somewhere in the neighborhood of 600 under arms." He said further that Gen. Lukan is now stationed near Palomas and Generals Hachee and Perez are in the Casas Grandes country, and that they have captured several towns. He concluded by saying: "When our revolution gets well under way we will have all the financial and other backing we want. You may also see in the course of a few weeks uprisings in other states, and some of them at points where least expected."

San Jose, Costa Rica, Nov. 22.—Admiral Benham, Captain Watson and 11 other officers of the American gunboat San Francisco, arrived here yesterday on a special train at the invitation of the president. All called on the president during the day, and to-night were banqueted by the American residents. The president and his cabinet were present. The officers will leave to-day.

Managua, Nicaragua, Nov. 22.—It is learned that Dr. Guzman, the Nicaraguan minister in Washington, has been instructed by the government of Nicaragua to enter suit against the Nicaragua Canal Co. for $300,000 on account of the failure of the company to complete the canal within the specified time.

PERSONAL.

H. T. Ceperley, of Vancouver, is in the city.

M. Strouss came home from the Mainland last night.

P. A. Paulson came over from Tacoma last evening.

James Fleming, of Vancouver, is at the New England.

Major O. T. Dupont returned from the Sound last night.

C. H. Rollins, Jr., and wife of Seattle, are at the Driard.

W. H. Jones, of the Kamloops Sentinel, is at the Balmoral.

Mrs. E. J. Starr, of Oakland, is among the guests at the Driard.

W. R. Angus, of Montreal, registered at the Driard last evening.

J. R. Anderson and Mrs. Anderson, of Goden, are at the Victoria.

S. T. Franck and wife, of Tacoma, registered at the Victoria yesterday.

Hon. Theo Davie and Mrs. Davie were passengers from the Mainland last evening.

Peter Harvey, of the B. & O. Railway, left for his home in San Francisco last night.

Judge Bole, of New Westminster, and J. W McColl, barrister, came over from the Mainland last night.

Dr. H. B. Findley has recovered from the indisposition from which he has been suffering, and is once more on duty.

Law Intelligence.

The law courts will be closed to-morrow, Thanksgiving day.

The case of Vowell vs. the City of New Westminster is set down for trial for Friday next before Mr. Justice Drake without a jury.

Mr. Justice Walkem heard the following applications in chambers:

Re Seeley estate.—Application of Mrs. Morse, the devisee, for an order for James H. Seeley, the executor, to file an inventory of the estate and a true account of his executorship. Order made, inventory to be filed on or before Saturday, the 25th inst.

Ryan & Co. vs. John Dougan and Ann Dougan.—Application of defendants to dismiss action for want of prosecution. Order made.

Imperial Bank of Canada vs. Kerr & Begg.—Application of J. R. Kerr that defendants furnish security for his costs. One hundred and fifty dollars security ordered.

Young vs. Karlson.—Application of defendant for an order directing the taking of accounts. Order made.

At Russell & McDonald's Opposite the Iron Church, Douglas St., toys.

For "That Tight Feeling" in the chest use LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE.

COCHRANE & MUNN,
Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates-Douglas Sts.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Recruit drill in the market hall last night.

—Bowes' Bronchial Balsam Cures Coughs. 27 Johnson.

—Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—A meeting of No. 1 company, garrison artillery, was held last night.

—Samples of new steel plate calendars for 1894 can be seen at J. Johnston & Co.'s.

—The ladies of St. James's church will hold their annual sale of work on Saturday, December 2nd.

—A concert under the auspices of the Albion Cricket Club will be held in Institute hall on the 29th instant.

—The Chinaman who stole $170 gold dust from Tom Creek mine, Cassiar, has been sent to Nanaimo for trial.

—Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

—The "At Home" of the Young Men's Institute and the Young Ladies' Institute, thanksgiving evening, will be well patronized. A good programme has been prepared.

—A concert will be given by the Centennial Methodist church choir a few days before Xmas. A practice was held last night. There were thirty voices in the chorus.

—The garrison artillery will march to Mount Tolmie to-morrow. The companies are ordered to assemble at 10 a.m., and a good muster is expected, as the men are pleased with the project.

—Thanksgiving evening a concert will be given in Emmanuel Baptist church. The proceeds will go towards the organ fund. Nothing will be charged for admission but a collection will be taken up.

—W. G. Carson and G. M. Pardue, who have acted as specials on the city police force, will be sworn in to-day on the regular force. They have been examined by the city physician and pronounced physically qualified for the position of constables.

—Vancouver Encampment, No. 1, I. O. O. F., last evening elected officers for the ensuing term. They are as follows: P. W. Dempster, C. P.; T. E. Waller, H. P.; Richard Drake, S. W.; W. E. Holmes, J. W.; Henry Waller (re-elected), scribe, and J. W. Arnold, treasurer.

—Edwin G. Parnell, of New Westminster, and Miss Rachael O. Lougheed, of this city, were married last evening at the home of the bride, Saanich road, by Rev. Joseph Hall, in the presence of a number of friends. The presents were very numerous. After the ceremony there was supper.

—The Star Almanac of Montreal for 1894 is so far advanced towards completion that the publishers are able to announce it to the trade for the 21st of November. An enormous demand has grown up for the Star Almanac, not only in Canada but in the United States and Great Britain.

—The E. & N. railway company will run special afternoon trains on Thursday next, Thanksgiving day, leaving Victoria at 3:04 p.m., arriving at Wellington at 6:34 p. m., and leaving Wellington at 4:30 p.m., arriving at Victoria at 8 p.m. Excursion tickets good for that day will be issued from and to all points.

—Pride of the Ridge lodge, I. O. G. T., has installed the following officers for the current years: Bro. Colluce, C. T.; Bro. Stooks, P. C. T.; Sister Debold, V. T.; Sister Banfield, secretary; Sister S. Jonasson, assistant secretary; Sister Dwyer, treasurer; Bro. Fairham, financial secretary; Bro. Debold, M.; Sister A. Jonasson, D. M.; Sister Blake, guard; Bro. McEachern, sentinel; Bro. Cooper, L.D.

—The W. C. T. U. parlor social held this afternoon at Mrs. Dempster's was most enjoyable. A large number were present. An interesting paper was read by Mrs. Jenkins on "How to Make the Coming Convention a Success," and was followed by discussion, in which several of the ladies took part. Mrs. Gordon Grant reported that 40 delegates might be expected from the Mainland to attend the approaching convention. A sociable time followed during which refreshments were served.

—Madeline Merli, who will be seen here to-morrow night, is one of the very few actresses now before the public who can be said to have a great future before her. Last season was her first in this country, but her acting was received with enthusiasm everywhere she appeared. She is of Italian descent, and like most Romans possesses a wonderful amount of fire and magnetism. She will appear here in a new play, "The Story of a Kiss," from the French of Emile Zola. The part is a very powerful one and will give her scope for all her ability.

—There will be a special meeting of the school board to-night.

—Sunset lodge, K. of P., gave 12 candidates the knight rank last night.

—In the Fort Steele robbery $2100 in gold dust was taken not $21,000 as first reported.

—A football match between the seniors and the juniors is promised for Thanksgiving day.

—A meeting of the W. C. T. U. at Mrs. Gordon Grant's, Saanich road, this evening at 8.

—The thieves are growing bolder. Last night a can of coal oil was stolen from the kitchen of a house on Amelia street.

—Committee of the three local lodges of the Knights of Pythias are making preliminary arrangements for the Pythian ball.

—George Mauser of Portland was arrested on Tuesday at Ballard near Seattle with 30 pounds of opium in his possession.

—The ladies aid of the First Presbyterian church will give an "At Home" this evening at the home of Mrs. Anton Vigelius, 156 Pandora avenue.

—The third of the winter series of lectures at St. John's church will be delivered this evening. Canon Beanlands will lecture upon "Ancient Coins" with illustrations.

—In the police court this morning Jas. K. Philips, drunk, was fined $5. William Gillespie was charged with using threatening language to his wife. He did not appear in court and a warrant was issued for his arrest.

Great preparations are being made for the sale of work and high tea to be given by the St. James' Sewing Circle in St. James' hall on Saturday, December 22nd. The ladies are energetically at work, and will make it a success.

—There was a large attendance at the funeral of the late Stephen Jones, which took place this afternoon from the Dominion hotel. Funeral services were conducted at St. John's church. The pall bearers were: Ald. Styles, J. Wrigglesworth, C. Booth, M. Humber and W. Whitaker.

—T. W. McLaughlin and Miss H. Burke were quietly married on Monday night after the arrival of the Kingston. The bride came from New York. The groom is a member of the fire department and the firemen did not find it out till yesterday. To-day the white flag is again flying to the breeze on the flagstaff of the fire halls.

—Yesterday afternoon a committee from the Guild of St. Luke's, Cedar Hill, called upon Misses Brown and presented them with a set of bound volumes and an address, complimenting them on their work for the organization since they founded it, and deploring the sad event which necessitated their removal from the parish.

—The San Francisco papers on the visit of H. M. S. Nymphe said she would be the last British vessel to call there for some time, as there had been desertions from nearly every vessel that visited there, and that orders had been issued from the admiralty office to the ships of the Pacific squadron to avoid the port in trips up and down the coast.

—Postmaster Noah Shakespeare will deliver a lecture at the Centennial Methodist church to-night. His subject will be "Around the World in 100 Minutes," and will be illustrated with excellent stereopticon views. In addition to the lecture there will be a capital musical programme in which Mr. and Mrs. Clement Rowlands and other will take part.

—Mrs. A. J. Smith, honorary treasurer of the Ladies Auxiliary, has handed to the honorary treasurer of the Jubilee Hospital $558.17, net proceeds of the ball held at Assembly Hall on Nov. 1st, and made up as follows: Tickets sold, $681; cash taken at door, $16; cash taken at lunch, $25; cash donations, $26.50; gross receipts, less expenses, $190.40; net proceeds, $558.10. The thanks of the board of directors was tendered to the whole of the Auxiliary committee for their valuable services.

—Those desiring a first-class Thanksgiving dinner should go to the New England restaurant, where they will find an elegant supply of the best only. Roast turkey and cranberry sauce, roast goose and apple sauce, roast sucking pig and apple sauce, and good old New England pumpkin pie. We also have on hand at all times Eastern and native oysters, which are served in any style. Salads, such as chicken, shrimp, lobster, etc., are made to order at any time. The confectionery department contains the finest of pastry, cakes, candies, bon bons and fancy boxes and baskets for candies, etc. Wedding cakes a specialty. Lunch and dinner parties given the best of attention.

Bread delivered in any part of the city.

—Two strangers were taken around Chinatown last night. They saw something they had never before seen, and not generally known in Victoria. On the counter of one of the large Chinese shops sat a Chinese child with a package in one hand. The child took out something from the bag, cracked and ate it. The visitors thought it was eating candy, and as the babe was what is known to the American fair sex as "cute" they asked it for one. The little celestial appeared to understand English and handed the bag to the white visitor who put his hand in, took out what he thought was a candy and put it into his mouth, but spat it out very quickly. He had bitten a cooked black beetle. The Chinese infant was making a meal out of a bag full of them.

—Thanksgiving service and address at St. Saviour's church at 11 a.m.

—Sergeant Walker of the city police force is somewhat improved to-day. He met with an accident that has confined him to his bed for a week.

—Captain MacDougall and Miss Campbell will be married this evening at 8 in the First Presbyterian church by the Rev. Dr. Campbell. Miss Campbell is a member of the choir of the First Presbyterian church. Captain MacDougall is commander of the schooner Katherine.

—At the James Bay Methodist church to-morrow there will be a reception from 2.30 to 5.30, when the ladies will be glad to receive their friends and entertain them. The hall is being furnished and decorated appropriately, and an interesting time is expected. A service of praise and prayer will be held in the evening at 7.30.

—Many Victorians who were calculating on having roast turkey for Thanksgiving Day will be disappointed. Several local dealers who ordered consignments of turkeys from Portland have failed to receive them. The shippers evidently thought that Thanksgiving Day in Victoria fell on the same day as in the United States, Thursday, Nov. 30th.

—A union Thanksgiving service will be held in Emmanuel Baptist church, Spring Ridge, to-morrow at 11 a.m. Calvary and Emmanuel churches meet together, when Rev. J. E. Coombes of Calvary church will preach. In the evening a concert will be given in Calvary church, when local talent and a number of the leading singers of the city will take part. Miss Lawson and others will give readings. Collection at the door for the concert.

—Quite a large number of entries have been made for the opening swimming match to take place at the Leander baths on Saturday evening, 25th inst., between 7 and 8 p.m. The distance is 100 yards, or six times up and down the tank, to be swum in heats of three men each. Most of the best swimmers in town have entered, and the competition will be keen. Three prizes are offered of sufficient value to stimulate competitors to do their best. Many of the intending contestants are training daily at the baths.

—Charles Ramos leaves in the morning for Cariboo, where he will spend the winter. He has two claims, one in Conklin gulch, near Barkerville, and the other on the banks of Slough creek, near the mouth of Nelson creek. He proposes to go ahead immediately with development work on them, and has arranged to do a lot of tunneling this winter. Mr. Ramos has done more than his share as an individual towards the development of the mines of British Columbia, particularly Cariboo, in prospecting and actual development.

—No more welcome announcement could be made by the management of the Victoria theatre than that of the appearance on Monday and Saturday evenings next, Nov. 24 and 25, of that clever young comedian, Mr. Charles Dickson, and his excellent company of players. They will again present Mrs. Pacheco's side-splitting comedy of errors, "Incog," which scored so great a hit upon its last visit here. Mr. Dickson will produce on the first night of his engagement a new American dramatic comedy entitled "Admitted to the Bar," which is said to be a worthy successor of the play in which he inaugurated his stellar career.

—Mademoiselle Rhea's appearance in her new play "The Queen of Sheba" will be an event of importance in the present dramatic season. The company is the strongest she has ever had, and the incidental music will form a special feature of the performance. The characters possess historical as well as human interest, and one of them, Hiram of Tyre, descendant of Tubal Cain, is a prominent figure in Masonic lore. The "Queen of Sheba" will be presented at the Victoria theatre on Wednesday evening, November 29the, when there will probably be one of the largest and most brilliant audiences of the season.

—Institute hall, View street, was half filled last night at the concert given by the Victoria Conservatory of Music staff, assisted by Fred. Richardson. Miss Walker's piano selections from Beethoven began the programme. The selections were received with applause. The same lady was also heard in selections from Mendelssohn, Schubert and Weber, and the difficult classical music that she played was rendered with much expression. Miss Sharp has already won a reputation with Victoria audiences. One of her songs, the "Angels' Serenade," though not new, will always remain a favorite if rendered with that feeling that Miss Sharp gave it last night. Mr. Richardson played the violin obligato to the song. Mr. Richardson's interpretation of Papini's "La Capricciosa" was good. Miss Nonie Powell made her first appearance in public. After studying three years in London she has joined the staff of the Conservatory of Music. The applause that greeted Miss Powell's numbers was very hearty. "The Women of Mumbles Head" and the balcony scene from "Romeo and Juliet" gave Miss Powell the desired opportunity to show her powers. Graham's song, "Farewell," was well suited to the tenor voice of Mr. Russell. The duet, "Gondolier," concluded the programme.

Premature baldness may be prevented and the hair made to grow on heads already bald, by the use of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer

$4 "CABINETS" $4
Per Doz.

$5 "CORONAS" $5
Per Doz.

The newest and most beautiful style of Photo. Soft, delicate and artistic.

These prices are for Xmas trade.

SKENE LOW, Photo, 63 Gov't St.

3 Yds. Heavy Dress Goods $1
At Russell & McDonald's.

Ladies

Be in time and have first choice at the "Great Emotional Sale" which commences to-morrow morning at the Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street.

Marine.

The British bark Primero, to load salmon for Turner, Beeton & Co., arrived in Royal roads yesterday.

The Northern Pacific steamship Mogul will leave Tacoma at noon to-morrow, and will be here in the evening. She will have nearly a full cargo for the return trip.

The steamer City of Kingston will leave the outer wharf to-night at the usual hour. The change from the inner harbor is necessary on account of freight shipments.

Single Tax Candidates.

The Victoria Single Tax club will meet next Tuesday evening, when the question of asking the government to amend the legislative and municipal election acts will be further discussed. It is probable delegates will be appointed to wait on the government. At the same meeting some action will be taken to bring out single tax candidates for aldermen at the next municipal election. It is certain there will be two such candidates, and possibly one for each ward.

The Aldermanic Election.

The aldermanic elections only will be discussed at the meeting to be held in the Board of Trade rooms this evening. It is said no action at all will be taken in the mayoralty contest. It is probable there will be only two candidates for mayor, Hon. Robert Beaven and John Teague. The gentlemen who induced Mr. Teague to accept nomination are still busy obtaining names to the requisition and are forming themselves into a committee to work for his election.

Cases for the Assizes.

There are only five cases on the docket for the fall assizes, which open on Monday at the court house in this city, and in one of the cases, that of Reg. vs. Crosier, a nolle prosequi will be entered. The other cases are Reg. vs. Wilson, obtaining money under false pretenses; Reg. vs. Carruthers, murder; Reg. vs. Ramos, larceny, and Reg. vs. Stroebel, murder. The latter case was imported from New Westminster, a jury which heard the case in that city having been unable to agree. The charge of murder against Carruthers is still fresh in the memory of Victorians, the deed having been committed but a short time ago.

More Trouble for McLean.

Capt. McLean, of the sealing schooner Alexander, has been having trouble with his crew, or rather one of the crew, whom he is charged with treating cruelly. The unfortunate man, Enright, was a boat puller on the Alexander during her last cruise. Being on a "lay" he refused to go out with a poor hunter. For this he was locked in a stateroom for 42 days and not once allowed to go out on deck, although he begged frantically to be allowed to stretch his legs. When the schooner arrived at San Francisco he was handed over to a harbor policeman, since which time his comrades have heard nothing of him. They are anxious to find him so that they can press charges against McLean. Capt. McLean frequently had trouble with his sailors when sailing out of Victoria.

Civic Business.

The city council held a special meeting last night and put the by-law revising the voters' list through final stages. Mayor Beaven read a resolution, moved by himself that the building inspector and city clerk be instructed to open the tenders for the addition to the infectious diseases hospital and award the contract to the lowest tenderer. The mayor said this resolution was unnecessary for the tenders had already been opened and the lowest tenderers were Wills & Noble, $618.

Ald. Brass and Ald. Baker thought there was no necessity to go on with the work during the winter. It was a bad time to build now. The building required three coats of plaster, according to contract, and it would take a long while to dry. The contract did not give the contractor sufficient time. Resolution passed.

The finance committee reported appropriations for $928. Adopted.

The finance committee asked $63 under the surface drain loan by-law. Passed.

Council adjourned after 30 minutes' business, the shortest meeting on record for the current municipal year.

COPY OF TELEGRAM.

Portland, Nov. 22, 1893.

Erskine, Wall & Co.,

Victoria:

Can ship turkeys by to-night's express. Will that be satisfactory? Answer.

PAGE & SONS.

We answered "not satisfactory," and therefore apologise to our customers for the disappointment.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

Argyle House

A Complete Stock of

Hosiery

In Our Well Known Wear Well Brand

Women's Plain Black Cashmere Hose.

Women's Ribbed Black Cashmere Hose.

Children's Plain Black Cashmere Hose.

Children's Ribbed Black Cashmere Hose.

Children's Heavy Wool Hose in Black.

Boys' Heavy Wool Knickerbocker Hose, in Black—Cannot be beaten for wear.

Just received one more case of Womens' Black Wool Hose, 25c. a pair.

A Big Lot of Remnants of Carpets 50 per cent. below wholesale prices.

Remnants of Dress Goods, Flannels, &c., very cheap.

J. Horner & Co.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

NEW GOODS
Finnan Haddies
AT R. H. JAMESON'S,
33 FORT STEET.

Clothed And in His Right Mind

No man can be said to be thoroughly in possession of his senses who does not provide protection against atmospheric changes in the form of an overcoat. We can fit you in a "beauty" from $25.00 up. Our Suitings and Pantings equally good value. Suits from $18.00. Pants from $5.00.

J. W. CREIGHTON,
Successor to J. G. Leask & Co'y.
No. 86 Government Street.

Why Worry?

Your temper with ill-fitting spectacles or eyeglasses, or your eyes with glasses wholly unsuitable? If in need of glasses consult us. Never mind the price, we can suit you within your means.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
THE ONLY OPTICIANS,
37 Fort Street.

THE Stanley House

GENERAL DRY GOODS
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.,
COR. OF FORT ST.

JUST ARRIVED a Splendid assortment of

: NEW :
FURS

In all the Leading Furs And Styles

Bear Boas,
Silver Fox Boas
The Latest Novelty.
Capes,
In Mink, Seal, Beaver, Etc.
Storm Collars,
Muffs
To Match.....

A few Novelties in

CHILDREN'S FUR SETS

...FUR LINED MANTLES...

All marked down to suit the times.

W. S. Hampson & Co.

A Grocer With Any Sand

Will not put it into his sugar but rather into business principles. Pure sugar is a good thing to be able to sell, but much of it is adulterated in these days. The watchful grocer is careful what he buys—then he knows what he is selling.

This is the only way in which a reputation for reliability can be built up.

As in sugar, so with tea, coffee, flour, butter—everything we keep for public consumption.

We Buy the Best

Therefore,

We Sell the Best

And are satisfied with a reasonably small profit. Perhaps you know this already. Certainly you do if you deal with us.

SPEED BROS.,
Successors to J. P. Matthews,
Corner of Fort & Douglas Sts.

REAL EIDER DOWN QUILTS

What a pleasure to sleep under a real Eider Down Quilt. All warmth without that depressing weight of Blankets and cotton quilts. You can buy one at "The Westside" for

$6.90.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.
Nov. 4, 1893.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

FORTUNES IN VOICES.

The Marvellous Power Singers Have Displayed in Acquiring Wealth.

The Philosopher's Stone—that dream of the old alchemists—takes many forms nowadays, but none more beautiful than that of the voice of a great singer—a truly potent spell to open the gold mine of earth! The amounts that have been paid to the famous sopranos, tenors, contraltos and basses who have appeared from time to time above the musical horizon sound well night fabulous, and not a little interesting to consider. To go back to the early years of the last century, and to the early days of the Italian opera in this country, Mrs. Catherine Tofts, its first lady interpreter in England, claimed high salaries at the theatre in Lincoln's Inn Fields. She drew considerably over six hundred pounds for a season—at one time she was singing for twenty guineas a night—high terms in 1708. At the same theatre, twenty-six years later, the great tenor, Farinelli, during the three years he spent in London, though his salary was but fifteen hundred pounds a season, earned at least five thousand pounds yearly, for at but one of his numerous appearances at court the Prince of Wales gave him a "fine wrought gold snuffbox, richly set with diamonds and rubies, in which was enclosed a pair of diamond knee buckles, as also a purse of one hundred guineas." Later in life he accepted an engagement at the court of Spain at a salary of fifty thousand francs (about £1979) per annum. Two years after Farinelli had left London, the other great singer of the time, Caffarelli, appeared at the King's theatre, but did not fulfil the expectations he had raised, though at Venice he received £385 and a benefit of £335 for a season of three months—higher terms than had previously been paid to any singer.

In 1768 Gabrielli, one of the most beautiful of women and magnificent of sopranos, demanded five thousand ducats salary from Catherine II. of Russia. The empress objected that it was larger than the pay of a field marshal. "Then let your field marshals sing for you," retorted Gabrielli, as Caffarelli had replied before under like circumstances. That phenomenal soprano, Agujari, was in 1775 paid one hundred pounds a night for two songs at the London Pantheon concerts—an immense salary in these days. About thirty years later Catalani was receiving three thousand pounds for the season in Portugal; and in 1806 she came to London for a promise of two thousand pounds for the season from September 15th to August, 1807, with a further sum of one hundred pounds to defray the cost of her journey to London and one benefit night free of expense. As a fact, however, she drew from the King's theatre in the Haymarket five thousand pounds, including benefits; and her total profits in 1807, with concerts and provincial tours, were £16,700. She once received two hundred guineas for singing "God Save the King" and "Rule Britannia;" and for her services at one festival she was paid two thousand pounds. Her charities, however, were innumerable; and it is estimated that she earned at least two million francs at concerts for such purposes alone. As an instance of her reckless extravagance it is stated that the cost of beer for her servants for a single year alone amounted to one hundred and three pounds.

The next singer, taken in chronological order, whose salary was unusually large, was Pasta, who having sung at the King's theatre in 1816 with her husband at a joint salary of four hundred pounds for the season, was engaged alone in 1826 at £2,200, an amount which was increased the following year to £2,365. In 1840, after a long retirement from the stage, she accepted two hundred thousand francs to sing again at St. Petersburg, though for her reputation as a singer it had been better had she refused. In 1828 Lablache drew sixteen hundred pounds, with lodging and benefit night free of expense, for a season of four months. This was, however, not nearly his value in an operatic company. At the King's theatre, in 1825, Malibran made her debut, and was immediately engaged for the remaining six weeks of the season at five hundred pounds. In 1830 she was paid in Paris 1075 francs for each operatic representation, though a year before she had received sixty-six pounds from Laporte in London for each performance. For each private concert in London she was paid twenty-five guineas; and she was engaged by Mr. Alfred Bunn for nineteen nights at one hundred and twenty-five pounds per night, payable in advance! Singing at Drury Lane in English opera in 1833, she received eighty thousand francs (£3,200) for forty representations, with two benefits, which produced not less than fifty thousand francs (two thousand pounds). Two years later, at the opera in London, she drew £2,775 for twenty-four appearances. Such sums were paid to her at the English provincial festivals as had never before been heard of; and at La Scala she received nearly eighteen thousand pounds for one hundred and eighty-five performances.

In 1838 Mario was offered sixty pounds a month for his first appearance, though this of course was largely on account of his romantic history. Alboni's salary at Covent Garden in 1847 was raised from five hundred pounds to two thousand pounds the day after her first appearance, singing as she was against Jenny Lind at the opposition house. Sontag was paid six thousand pounds for a season of six months at Her Majesty's theatre in 1840. Rubini, who began his career at thirteen years of age, by singing for five francs, an air in a new drama by Lambeti, made immense sums in later life, realizing two thousand pounds at one concert in St. Petersburg. Unlike Mario and Mara, who both died in comparative poverty, Rubini saved large sums, and left behind him one of the largest fortunes ever amassed on the operatic stage. Jenny Lind was naturally paid large sums in the course of her triumphant career. During a tour of two years through the States, commenced in 1850, she made twenty thousand pounds, gaining a husband as well.

These pecuniary conditions are adequately preserved by at least two present-day singer, to whom a hundred or two for a concert is an ordinary sum—Madame Patti and Madame Albani. It is current knowledge that the usual terms of the former are eight hundred pounds per concert in London and four hundred pounds in the provinces; and it was announced the other day that for a prospective tour in the States, during which she is to give about forty-five performances—some at the Chicago exhibition—she will receive £40,500, or nine hundred pounds per concert, plus all travelling expenses. Madame Patti lately refused an offer of a tour in Brazil at the remuneration of twelve hundred pounds per night. Fairly handsome salaries are paid also to leading artists of the Vienna opera. The florin is just now worth about one shilling and threepence, and Herr Winklemann, a tenor who appeared in London in German opera some years ago, is paid twenty-six thousand florins (£1,625) for a season of nine months. M. Van Dyke gets about twenty-four thousand florins; but he sings only seven months in the year in Austria. Frau Materna, who is soon to retire to be replaced by Frau Klafsky, gets the same amount for the whole year; and Frau Schlinger, the dramatic soprano, receives twenty thousand florins per annum. The tenors thus get more than the sopranos. Before leaving the subject of singers' salaries, it were curious to mention the remuneration received some years ago by Mademoiselle Zelie, of the Theatre Lyrique at Paris, while singing at a concert in the Society islands, in the course of a tour around the world. She was to sing an air from "Norma" and a few other songs, and bargained for a third of the receipts. She found that her share consisted of three pigs, twenty-three turkeys, forty-four chickens, five thousand cocoa nuts, and a considerable quantity of bananas, lemons and oranges!

Three Styles of Reading.

One may constantly notice three styles of reading. Let us take novel reading as the easiest example. There are first the people who gallop through a book to see what happens. The plot is their only care; their interest dies out when they know how the marrying is arranged. They are like people who rush off to a pretty place, glance at it and away again, quite content to say that they have been there. Reading of that kind is little more than a momentary titillation. It is like a sweetmeat, pleasant only when dissolving on the palate. Then there are people who go a step further, and feel an interest in the play of character which is brought out in the book. They study and criticize the life that is sketched; they relish the conversation; they like to meet some one who is interested in the same people, and gossip about them, as they might discuss living acquaintances. To follow out the analogy of scenery, these readers are like the visitors to a pretty place who walk admiringly to its several view-points, and take away pictures of it in their minds which will be talked of in after years. But the third class of readers are not only interested in the story and in the characters, but in the literary construction and development of the tale. They notice—not of set purpose and with effort, but naturally—how the author has done his work, with how much concealed art he has contrived to be natural. They almost insensibly compare the present work with other works of the same kind, and while enjoying the book as much as less observant readers enjoy it, they also form a critical opinion of it. They resemble the visitors to the pretty place who not only admire its obvious beauties, but have their pleasure more deeply based on knowledge, whose impressions are compounded partly from the thought of how these things came to be, of how Nature made her slow preparations and history added the tinge of romance. To become a full reader of the third kind we have mentioned one must read with constant interest and observation, and find some way of collecting one's impressions, either by thinking over a book carefully while and after reading it, and summarizing one's opinion for future reference, or by chatting over the subject with some one who has read the book. To have read a book without having thought about it or having formed an opinion worth mentioning is to have lost five-sixths of the gains of reading. But do not suppose you can squeeze a certain amount of usefulness out of every book. Books are like flowers, to be admired, enjoyed and studied, but not to be plucked and crushed and distilled into a commercial essence—except they be text books. You cannot "cram" literature, you can only go on reading enjoyably, but carefully and thoughtfully, bringing to bear on your reading such perception as God has blessed you with; and after a time you will form a literary taste which will be an index to your own character. Picking up other people's opinions on literature will do you very little good. It is like a simpleton carrying a treatise on wisdom in his pocket and thinking he is made wiser by what he carries.—Family Herald.

Of Interest to Ladies.—The scalp may be kept white and clean, and the hair soft, pliant, and glossy, by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. This preparation never fails to restore to faded and gray hair its original color. Sold by druggists and perfumers.

Costly Chairs.

The Shah of Persia possesses an arm chair of solid gold, inlaid with precious stones. About a year ago some of the stones were stolen from one of the legs of the chair, and the Shah, full of indignation, ordered the arrest of a number of servants and the keeper of the palace responsible for the furniture, with the intimation that if the thief was not found the keeper would be beheaded. The culprit being eventually found, he was forthwith beheaded and his head carried on a pole by the imperial body guard through the streets of Teheran. A valuable arm chair is in the possession of the Earl of Radnor. It originally cost £40,000, and was presented by the City of Augsberg to the Emperor Rudolph II of Germany about the year 1576. It is of steel, and took the artist about 30 years to make. The chair became the property of Count Tessin, ambassador from the court of Sweden to the English court. Gustavus Brander afterwards bought it as an antique, for 1800 guineas, but sold it to the Earl of Radnor for 600 guineas. Of chairs once owned by British celebrities, some were lately sold by auction; Shakespeare's for £126; Gay's, £30; Theodore Hook's, £19; Bulwer Lytton's, £13; Anne Boleyn's, £10 10s.; Charles II's, £10; Mrs. Siddons', £7; Pope's, £5 10s.; Mrs. Browning's, £5; Thackeray's, £3 10s.; Walter Savage Landor's, £3 10s.; Lord Byron's, £2 10s.; Sir Walter Raleigh's, £2.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers. If you leave the ends open Write your address carefully.

Taking to American Slang.

In a late English book of travels, describing the tour of a husband and wife through rural France, and entitled "Across France in a Caravan," a writer for Harper's Bazar has found an extraordinary infusion of American newspaper slang and frontier phraseology. The book is apparently written by a university man, but the phrases occur singly, sprinkled everywhere through the book, and with never any quotation marks by way of an apology. It would be hard to find an American book by the most illiterate man in which such language would be used; and yet the writer is evidently, in this case, wholly unconscious that he is writing anything but lively and agreeable narration. Among the phrases are the following: "Sheer cussedness," "considerably tickled," "on the spree," "slantindicular," "loafing about," "a little riling," "Joseph had been yarning about us," "James (a dog) went for it (a small child) and it disappeared," "one show was run by an elderly gentleman," "the mare did not see (i.e., desire) going on again," "his chief sat on him with force," "the pictures were most ghastly; the London Police News wasn't in it." Some of these phrases occur over and over again, and the author, if he thinks anything about it at all, undoubtedly feels that he has enriched his vocabulary.

In the interchange of slang phrases, as with breadstuffs and meat, the balance of trade with England is in our favor, if a favor it be. We export more than we import. The number of slang phrases which come this way is very much smaller, but there is a certain melancholy satisfaction in noting that these imported weeds are of very much coarser texture than our own. Very few of the phrases quoted above would be used by any well-bred American in speaking; almost none of them in print. Some of them are terse, some are silly, but they are not coarse or gross, like the English phrases which come to us. It is repulsive to hear an American young lady who has spent a summer in England calling things "beastly" and "nasty" and "stinking" and "rot," all of these being phrases which come quite easily from the lips of her English cousins. It is not even agreeable to hear even the latter speak of "tubbing" and "cleaning themselves," and similar phrases borrowed from the stable; language such as made Lord Melbourne complain that the London fine ladies gave him too much of their natural history.

The Scottish Churches.

Replying to an interviewer, the Rev. Dr. W. C. Smith, the Free Church Moderator, said: "There is more active and vigorous thought in all the churches than ever there was at any former period. There is a growing activity all over. I do not think any of our Scottish churches are dead. There is not a healthy feeling in the Established church just now. That church is busying itself too much about disestablishment, but nevertheless it is doing good work, and we should rejoice in that. The United Presbyterian church has lost within a few years a great number of able and efficient men. There was John Cairns, John Ker, Jas. Brown and William Robertson. There are not many churches which, in my opinion, have many such men to lose."

"Will the discontent arising from the passing of the Declaratory act tell to any extent on the progress of the Free church?" was the next question.

"I do not think so," was the decided reply. "The only thing that has given the opposition to that measure any power is the extreme ignorance of some of the people in the northern part of the Highlands. There are only two ministers and a few students who are keeping the opposition alive. I do not think it will come to anything."

"Do you think that the critical movement in the Free church will weaken faith in the evangelical form of Christianity?"

"I do not think it will do so. Robertson Smith, who was the first in this movement, was intensely evangelical in his teaching. His gospel was of the simplest evangelical type. Dr. Dods is essentially conservative in his theology, and Dr. Bruce is of a thoroughly evangelical mind."

"Will there, in your opinion, be an early settlement of the Disestablishment question?"

"In my opinion," said Dr. Smith, musingly, "Disestablishment will not be accomplished as soon as some seem to think. It would be the healthiest thing for the church itself, but that it will come immediately I do not think. I may not live to see it, but that it will take place is a certainty."

"Then what prospect would there be of the union of the Presbyterian bodies if Disestablishment were accomplished?"

"There can be no union as long as there is an Established church. That is certain. But it is a problem how far disestablishment will help union. Union would not follow immediately. If the Establishment principle is overthrown, the members of that church will be slow to join with those whose action brought it about."

The Advertising

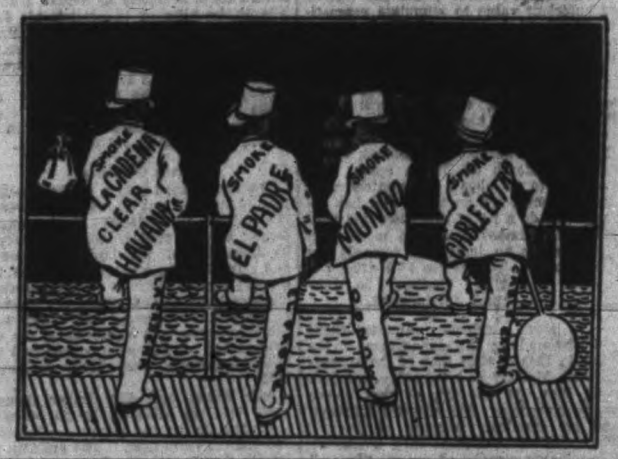
Of Hood's Sarsaparilla is always within the bounds of reason because it is true; it always appeals to the sober, common sense of thinking people because it is true; and it is always fully substantiated by endorsements which, in the financial world would be accepted without a moment's hesitation.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

He turned, when preparing to die.
To the company that would have insured him
But now the big goat won't apply,
Because Escljay's Lozenges cured him.
—Insurance Item.

—THE WEEKLY TIMES—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM—
—THE WEEKLY TIMES—

The Men You Know.



PAIN-KILLER
PERRY DAVIS'
WILL QUICKLY CURE
DIPHTHERIA, QUINSY, COLDS AND COUGHS

It is not Sawdust

We use in making INDURATED FIBRE WARE. Some people think it is, but they are mistaken. We use nothing but the longest and strongest Wood Fibre, pressed into shape without seam or joint of any kind, and Indurate it by a patent process which renders it impervious to heat, cold and liquids. INDURATED FIBRE WARE imparts no taste or smell to its contents, and is the lightest, tightest, sweetest and most durable ware ever made.

Ask for EDDY'S

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS
CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS
Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

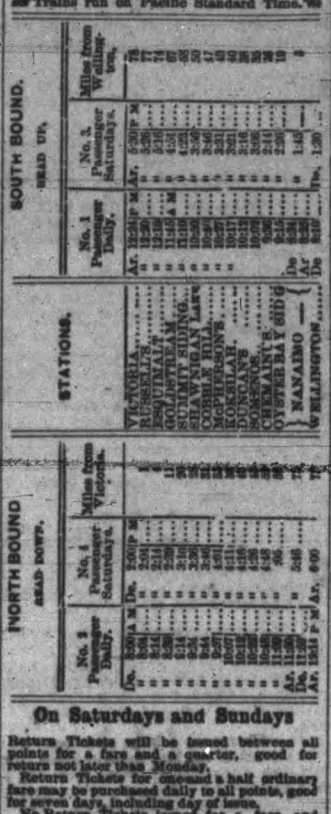
In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES
VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.
To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, October 12th, 1893.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.



On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for exceed a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 22,
Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
Queen . . . Nov. 20
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Cheapest Rates
To all Eastern Points

UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS
Daily to St. Paul,
Wednesdays to Boston,
Saturdays to Toronto.

THROUGH PULLMAN CARS
To St. Paul and Montreal
Daily without change.

LUXURIOUS DINING CARS
On all Trains

STEAMSHIP DEPARTMENT.
S.S. Empress of Japan sails for the Orient Nov. 15.
S.S. Warrimoo arrives from Australia Nov. 9

Agent for all Atlantic Steamship Companies.

GEO. L. COURTENAY, General Agent.

— THE —
Northern Pacific
RAILROAD
Is the line to take
TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Two Through Vestibuled Trains
Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (change of cars) composed of
DINING CARS, unsurpassed.
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPING CARS of latest equipment.
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and
— ELEGANT DAY COACHES. —
A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.
Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from all points in America, Japan and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of the Company.
Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."				TONNAGE 1117
8 00 am	Lv	MI	...Tacoma...	118 Ar	5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	29	...Seattle...	92 Lv	3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	50 Lv	11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria!...	MI Lv	9 30 pm

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	21			A
11 00 pm	Lv	29	...Seattle....	58 Ar	5 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	Port Madison	47 Lv	3 30 pm
	Lv	45	...Kingston...	41 Lv	
2 00 am	Lv	62	Port Gamble	31 Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	79	Port Ludlow	13 Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	98	Pt. Townsend	MI Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Monday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

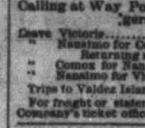
E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass Agent,
121 First Washington, Portland

QUICK TIME!!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
— AND —
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt Shasta Route of the
Southern Pacific Company
The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.
Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address
THOS A. GRAHAM
Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 1102 Pacific Ave
Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS
Asst. Gen. Pas. and Pass. Agt.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.



STEAMER
JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,
Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:
Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.
For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Store street.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street.

FOR HONOLULU!
S.S. AUSTRALIA (2,930 tons) Saturday, November 25, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
The Splendid New Line of Iron Steel Screw Steamers
Alameda.....Thursday, 14th Dec., at 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the Eastern mails.
For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.

Great Northern Railway

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 8.30 p. m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east.

Running buffet cars with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., first and second-class coaches. Family tourist cars and free Colonist sleeping cars alternate each day.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information, or publications, apply to
C. A. RATTHAY,
General Agent,
Adelphi Block, Government street, next to Post-office.
F. I. WHITNEY,
G. P. A. T. A., St. Paul, Minn.

Overcoats | NEAT NOBBY STYLISH | MACINTOSHES AND MELISSA COATS Latest Styles. Lowest Prices. | Winter Suits | SINGLE BREASTED DOUBLE BREASTED SQUARE CUT, ETC. | B. WILLIAMS & CO. 97 Johnson St.

Ex-Empress Frederick.

Although the ex-Empress Frederick, widow of Frederick the Noble of Germany has not lived in Berlin since the unhappy end of her husband, except for a few weeks at a time, she still wields a powerful influence in German politics and German life. Few women have undergone greater and more persistent persecution than did this daughter of Great Britain at the time the Emperor was fighting death so hard in the palace at Potsdam. Those who were in Berlin at the time could hear the bitterest expressions regarding her on all sides. Friends and followers of the present Emperor denounced her in unmeasured language, and accused her of a deep-laid plot to exclude her eldest son from the succession and proclaim herself regent. Hatred of her became so general that it was deemed best she remain absent from the capital as much as possible. Threats, indeed, were made against her life, and condemnation of her supposed ambition was open. Sitting at a table in a famous Berlin house a few days after the Emperor's death, the writer heard a well known woman declare that she would gladly aid in "tearing out her hair and publicly insulting her."

But Her Majesty has lived down this hatred in the years which have gone by since those days of stress and storm. Admiration of her dignified conduct has been forced from her bitterest enemies. Doubtless the treatment which she received at the hands of the present ruler aided in overcoming the prejudice against her. The mention of her name is no longer greeted with hisses in certain circles of the capital where she formerly lived and praise and commendation have taken the place of the condemnation and criticism which were once meted out to her.

No one is better able to talk of the work of the Empress than George von Bunsen, long her friend and admirer. In a recent article in one of the German reviews he has drawn an attractive picture of her work among women for the elevation of her sex.

"The life of Empress Frederick," he writes, "rich in both happiness and misfortune, seems to-day to have reached a new turning point. She is still a young woman, being only 53 years old. She has carried on a splendid work—under difficult conditions at times—for the advancement of women in all the careers for which their nature and strength specially fit them. Through all this work, if I be not mistaken, she has had a guiding thought—the hope of proving the intellectual ability of woman equal to that of man, or, to speak practically, the hope of opening up the way—in Germany, too—for women to take up those careers which have been closed to them heretofore. A crowning of her work, therefore, will be the opening in Berlin of a gymnasium, or college, for women.

"The Crimean war, which from its beginning to its end spared the British Kingdom scarcely one bitter disappointment, brought about a reform of the first importance—namely, the creation of a corps of women nurses from the educated and higher classes. The work of those women who in the winter of 1854 and 1855 hurried to the English camp at Sebastopol and brought light, life and hope into the badly handled hospitals, had a great effect on the rich and work-loving nation. When in Germany the terrors of war in 1866 and 1870 presented the same necessities to us, was it any wonder that we wished to take advantage of the experience of the English ten years before, and later the experience of the Americans, and find that which was better adapted for our needs? That was brought about by the one best suited for its accomplishment—the Crown Princess Victoria of Prussia. One of the pupils and aids of Florence Nightingale—Mlle. Lees, now Mrs. Craven—had aided the Princess in establishing a model hospital at Homburg during the Franco-Prussian war. The idea of a world sisterhood, which had occupied the attention of the Crown Princess for years and which had often been a subject for her pen, began then to assume tangible form. A lay sisterhood was planned in Berlin, modelled after that established in London by Miss Lees.

"It is hardly too much to say that the Victoria house for the care of the sick brought to perfection in the course of years, is the greatest result of the work, intellectual and physical, which the Empress Frederic has devoted to the interest of woman. Up to the present day a large number of educated women have been found ready to join the Victoria Sisterhood in a life of discipline and sacrifice. Everywhere they receive the greatest praise for their work—in hospitals, clinics and in care of the sick in private families.

"Empress Frederick has endeavored to place new goals before the eyes of the German woman, in addition to those pertaining to her domestic duties. There are the Association for the Care of Health at Home; the branches of the Vacation Colonies in 80 cities; the Wadsack Institute, the Frederick Institute, the Home House for Daughters of the Better Classes, of which she is the protector and founder. The Victoria Lyceum, founded by the Empress, has had great success for more than 22 years. Thousands of young women have listened to instructive lectures there on languages, philosophy, etc., and trained themselves for the pedagogic calling.

"In the month of June, 1888, after the death of Emperor Frederick, when bitter sorrow filled not only Germany, but all the nations of the civilized world, it was proposed to do something to give expression to the general grief. It was then, on June 21, that the Empress wrote: 'I do not know whether it is intended to erect a national monument to the memory of this noblest, purest of men—this pearl on a throne. But would it not be advisable to try to carry some of his ideas into execution? For instance the Institute for the Training of Women, the Clinic for Diseases of the Throat, the houses for workmen in Berlin, the Pestalozzi-Froebel House? * * That would have pleased my angel more than a monument of stone or iron. He was so beautiful that his picture would be an ornament anywhere. But how often have I heard him say: "The only way to show the proper regard for one who is gone is by doing some good deed for the poor and suffering."'

The Empress has allowed no opportunity to pass by when she could aid one of her sex. No one in all Germany is happier over the establishment of colleges for women, and the probability that the barriers forbidding their graduation from German universities will soon be torn away, for no one has done more to bring about these results. Time and again she has referred to the results in England and America as proof of the ability of women. She is naturally overjoyed that her fight for the higher education of women in Germany is to be crowned with success.

Too Eager to be Useful.

The neighbors are telling a good joke of a good husband near Battersea Park, and whether true or not it is good enough to publish.

He is a bold, bad travelling man by profession, says the Yankee Blade, and is off on the road many months in the year, so that he gets little chance to be in the bosom of his family. Being a loving husband, and the father of five very interesting children, it is only natural that he should long for a chance to have a frolic with them. Now, as the story goes, he happened to strike town very unexpectedly on a recent afternoon and immediately started for home to give his family a surprise. Much to his disappointment he found his wife and children were out. This was very discouraging, and in order to keep up his spirits he got out his old briar and stood at his front door for a smoke.

Imagine, then, his pleasure, upon beholding his two youngest children playing in front of the house next door. He called the little ones to him, and was wondering what he could do to amuse them, when it occurred to him that his wife was in the habit of giving them a bath about this time every evening and putting them to bed.

It also occurred to him that it would be a good plan for him to take time by the forelock and give the children their bath, thus relieving his wife and giving her a chance to visit with him on her return. A short time later he had the babies up in the nursery, and in spite of their portestations removed their garments and gave them as good a washing as a child ever had. He was giving them the third coat of lather and having a high old time with the struggling darlings when his wife came into the room and nearly had a fit.

"Why, Charlie," she exclaimed, delightedly, "when did you come?"

"This afternoon," he replied, as he released her from his grasp and gazed proudly upon his work.

"But what does this mean?" she asked, pointing to the shivering youngsters.

"Why," he replied, "you always give them a bath in the evenings and—I—thought I would relieve you of the bother for once, that's all."

During the next few minutes she could not speak for laughing, but when she finally came round she turned to her bewildered husband with the startling announcement:

"These are not our children, Charley; they belong to the people next door."

It is safe to say that when Charley again tackles washing babies he will get some one to identify them.

The Most Ancient of Field Sports.

Falconry claims to be the most ancient field sport followed at the present day. There is an Assyrian bas relief of a date anterior to 1200 B. C., showing a falconer with a hawk on his wrist. In Britain it seems to have been followed before the time of the heptarchy, and in the celebrated Bayeux tapestry Harold is figured with a hawk upon his hand. It seems, however, to have been practised in eastern countries and central Europe long before it became established in Great Britain. But after the Norman conquest it took rapid strides in that country, being much indulged in by kings, nobles and ladies, and in those days the rank of an individual was indicated by the particular species of hawk carried upon his wrist.

The sport declined somewhat in the seventeenth century, but again revived in the eighteenth, but with the introduction of fowling pieces and the art of shooting on the wing, it went entirely out of fashion in England. The hawks were trained to mount and pursue game and bring it to their masters of mistresses, coming and going at the call of the latter with marvelous docility. They were tricked out with gay hoods and held until ordered to pursue the "quarry" or game by leathern straps above the talons and silken cords called "jesses." To each of these leather straps, or "bewets" was attached a small bell, shaped in most cases like the nearly-closed sleigh bells of the present day. In India, Persia and other eastern countries falconry is still practised.

Price of Aluminum.

The Engineering and Mining Journal says: "The price of aluminum, which a year or so ago declined to 50 cents a pound, but subsequently rose to 75 cents a pound, at which it now stands, is about to decline again to lower figures than ever before reached. The day is not distant when this interesting, and, for many purposes, valuable metal will be produced in what would now appear enormous quantities and at prices which will give it many new uses. The Aluminum-Industrie-Actien - Gesellschaft, of Neuhausen, in Switzerland, informs us that the increase of its dynamo capacity to 4,000 horse-power, and some improvements in the processes employed, have enabled it to increase largely the production of aluminum, and that the price from January next will be five francs per kilogram, or 45 cents per pound. It must be remembered that owing to the low specific gravity of aluminum, if equal bulks, not weights, of the different metals are taken, this price is really lower than that of copper as recently as 1890, and it is actually less than that of tin at the present time. Such a reduction in price is likely to be followed by a very considerable increase in the use of the metal for various purposes."

Nursery Medicines.

We do not believe in dosing children with drugs and medicines from the time they arrive in the world until they are old, as some do. We have found a little castor oil and a bottle of Perry Davis' Pain Killer safe and sure remedies for all their little ills, and would not do without them. Get the new big bottle, 25 cents.

For Sciatic & Neuralgic Pains TRY ONE APPLICATION OF THE "D.&L." MENTHOL PLASTER IT WILL DISPEL THE PAIN LIKE MAGIC

Nothing Small About Him.

A country laird had occasion to remain in an Aberdeen hotel over night. In the morning, after breakfast, he set out to purchase some cattle. On arriving at the market he discovered that his pocket-book was missing. Feeling sure he had it in his hotel on the previous evening, he at once returned, resolved to have the whole staff by the ears, and at the doorway he met the landlord.

"Did you see onything o' a pocket-book, landlord," he hurriedly inquired, "which I must hae dropped somewhere in your hotel last nicht?"

"How much was in it?"

"A hundred and ninety pounds."

"Then, sir, this is your pocket-book, wi' the money. The servant found it in the hall late last night, and I locked it up in the safe until inquiries should be made this morning."

"A very wise and cautious thing for you to dae, landlord, very wise and cautious. I had intended to place one hundred pounds o't in the bank this mornin', where it would have been drawing 3 per cent."

"I think, laird, the servant should get some acknowledgment for her honesty."

"As a reward for the honesty o' a' I'll say naething aboot the interest for the time it has been locked up in your safe, and ye can mak'it a' richt wi' the servant. There's naething sma' aboot me when I see a man that's tryin' to dae what's richt."

Our Mother Tongue.

It is only occasionally when one meets the person who speaks the English language, as the old grammar expressed it, "with force, propriety and ease," that one realizes what a beautiful language it is capable of being. Too often the force and propriety overshadow the ease, and suggest that the person speaking got his vocabulary and his pronunciation from the dictionary and the advantages of maturing life rather than from the nursery and early associations. We are only beginning to realize that "beginnings" are of more importance than "finishings," and that if a mother cannot or will not give a good part of her time to her children, she will find it more profitable to have the earliest nurse a cultivated and child-loving woman than to give it any number of expensive masters late in life. Max Muller has lately pointed out that one's native tongue is in reality "his mother tongue," as it is from the mother that the majority of children learn their peculiarities, faults, idioms, and accents. Alas, for the children who are learning the mother tongue from German and English, from Swedish and colored nurses! Prof. Muller says that "Dante ascribed the first attempts at using the vulgar tongue in Italy for literary compositions to the silent influence of women who did not understand the Latin language," and notes the same thing in the Prakrit, one of the dialects of India that supplanted the Sanscrit.—New York Evening Post.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases." Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale agents. ttasw

30 YEARS EXPERIENCE. Tobacco is one of the few articles of manufacture whose real merit can only be found out by actual use. For thirty years we have been making the best grades of tobaccos and we recommend MASTIFF·PLUG·CUT as a reliable and superior article. J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST. Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 8 pounds Sal Soda. Sold by All Grocers and Druggists. E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL House and Steam Coal, are mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Superintendent

THE VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.

Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

ALL CLASSES OF LITHOGRAPHED WORK

Maps, Cheques, Drafts, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Labels, Wedding & Visiting Cards,

Fine Colored Work a Specialty.

VISITING CARDS Printed from Copper Plates and Stone.

PORTRAITS Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO., W. R. CREECH, Manager.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

WANT OF CONFIDENCE.

Premier Davie Takes Charge of the Bureau of Labor and Statistics.

IS HE DISPLEASED WITH COL. BAKER?

Preparations for the Labor Conference To be Held in this City on Saturday —Evidences of Serious Disagreement Between the Premier and the Col.

The workingmen of the province are looking forward with a great deal of interest to the conference to be held in this city on Saturday with the government with reference to the work of the bureau of labor statistics. There will be about 40 delegates present from the different cities of the province, among them being Thos. Keith, M. P. P., and Tully Boyce of Nanaimo.

The bureau has not been sailing as smoothly as the government thought it would, and from the action of the premier it is evident that he thinks some of the squalls with which the bureau has met were caused by the minister's management. When the bureau was first opened Hon. Mr. Baker seemed to have full control of it; in fact, his son was appointed as a clerk in the labor bureau. The first conferences held with the workingmen were conducted by Hon. Mr. Baker, but more recently were called and managed by Hon. Mr. Davie.

Several causes are mentioned for these signs of "want of confidence" in Minister Baker by his leader. The first one dates back to the last session, when the bill to establish the bureau was before the legislature. At that time the workingmen waited on Minister Baker and urged the necessity of appointing a workingman to manage the bureau. "Why, the capitalists would be up in arms against me if I appointed a workingman to the position," said the gallant colonel. The labor delegates thought the colonel had made a "bad break," but they said nothing until a short time ago, when they had another conference with the government. Then one of their number reminded the colonel of what he had said and added: "Now the workingmen are up in arms against you. You can choose between the laboring men, who control the majority of the votes, and the capitalists." Then, again, there is a disposition to put down to the credit of Col. Baker the resolution passed by the trades and labor council.

At all events, the premier seems to be looking after the labor bureau, no doubt considering himself better able to handle the workingmen than his colleague. In fact the colonel a short time ago told an applicant for a position in the bureau that he had nothing more to do with it. The premier, therefore, will probably represent the government at Saturday's conference.

Many of the delegates will be in the city to-morrow, the Victoria trades and labor council having asked them to come down a day earlier than the conference so that they can decide upon a plan of action when they meet the government. An endeavor will also be made during their visit to the city to reorganize the provincial trades and labor council. The question of urging the government to amend the provincial and municipal election acts so as to allow workingmen to become candidates for legislators and aldermen, which they claim they are now almost prevented from doing, will be brought up.

MUTINOUS JAPS.

Bark Detroit Again in Trouble—Beaven Park Mineral Water.

Nanaimo, Nov. 22.—The Japanese crew of the bark Detroit refused duty yesterday morning, on account of the refusal of the captain to pay off four of them. Captain Darrah obtained the services of the crew of the Occidental and brought the Japs to Nanaimo, where their grievances were laid before Consul Dennison, who, after hearing the case, ordered the seamen to jail for 24 hours. More trouble is likely unless the captain gets rid of them. The Detroit will not ship a union crew, and consequently is constantly in trouble with the men when the vessel arrives here.

John Ferguson, the man who assaulted Sheriff McMillan, succeeded in recovering the wages due to him from the bark Dominion. Captain Greenleaf gave a check for $300, which was immediately cashed and the money handed over to Ferguson.

Two cases of mineral water from Beaven park, the property of the New Vancouver Coal Company, were sent to Victoria to-day. One is for Hon. Edgar Dewdney and the other for Hon. Forbes Vernon. It is claimed the water is equal to any other mineral water now in the market, and those who have tried it say it is excellent for medicinal purposes.

The city council have contributed $30 towards the poultry show to be held in Nanaimo, and with the sum already in hand this will help materially to swell the list of prizes.

A number of artists have formed an association in this city, and one of the chief rules adopted by them is that copying be prohibited, all pictures to be painted from nature, in oil. Arrangements have been made to give an exhibition in the opera house next May.

Crowned With Success.

By improving the kitchen and dining room service of "The Vienna," Yates street, the manager, in spite of dull times has succeeded in more than doubling his business since he took charge four months ago. Regular lunch is 35 cents and dinner 50 cents, meals a la carte up to 8 p. m. Board by the week has been reduced to $5 for the winter. This is the best place in town for private dinners and suppers.

MURDERED THE OPERATOR.

Deliberate Assassination of a Young Telegraph Clerk.

Woodland, Cal., Nov. 22.—Davisville was thrown into a state of excitement last night when H. M. Eaton, night operator, was discovered on the sidewalk in front of the Lilliard House with a bullet hole in his side and gasping for breath. He died in a few minutes after he was found and never regained consciousness. When the 10:20 train arrived at Davisville the conductor went into the office to send a message, but Eaton was not there. After waiting a few minutes he walked over to the Lilliard house bar and enquired if he had been there, but the bartender had not seen him. As the conductor came out he discovered the body of a man lying on the sidewalk. A light was procured and the body proved to be that of the missing operator. Life was not yet extinct, but he breathed his last a moment later. It was found that one of the iron guards on the window was bloody and wrenched out of shape.

Davisville, Cal., Nov. 22.—A man named Olsen is in custody, having given himself up, stating he was an accomplice of Dodge, who is in jail at Woodland on suspicion of having killed young Eaton at this place last night. Olsen when questioned by a detective said he was with Dodge last night, and they went to the railroad depot together for the purpose of murdering Eaton. He says he and Dodge went to the office and knocked on the door, and when Eaton opened it they sprang upon him, then shot and killed him. Olsen has not yet made any statement as to the motive for the crime.

It is supposed that when young Eaton was shot he ran over to the saloon to give the alarm. He reached the window then fell from loss of blood, and in so doing he made a despairing grasp at the iron guard. The shooting is supposed to have occurred about 10 o'clock, as several persons heard a shot fired about that time and paid no attention to it. The wound is on the left side just above the hip joint. Information has arrived that Chas. Dodge has disappeared and that he had been seen in Woodland. Dodge arrived early this morning. He immediately reported at the sheriff's office and stated that if he was needed he could be found in the city. The sheriff told him he was not aware he was wanted for anything. Dodge replied: "But I will be." He left a few moments after, but his mysterious manner and his refusal to make any statement impressed the sheriff that he knew something about the killing of Eaton at Davisville and he was locked up. Dodge could not be induced to say why he had come to Woodland. He declined to say anything for publication, because the good name of his sister is at the bottom of the whole affair. Dodge was for a long time a member of the firm of Kendall & Dodge, brokers of Sacramento. He has been engaged in hay baling in Yolo county for the past season.

Suspicion at once became fastened on Dodge and his partner in the baling business and they were arrested. It is known that for a long time there had been bad blood between Dodge and Eaton, and this strengthens the suspicion.

Eaton came to Davisville last October and has since been employed as night operator. He was regarded as a young man of more than ordinary ability and had the reputation of being something of a ladies' man. He is about 30 and came from Pennsylvania. His parents live there, and it is rumored he also left a divorced wife there.

The man Olsen, who was arrested by Constable Kincaid, made a statement substantially as follows: "Dodge came to the livery stable about 10 o'clock last night and asked me to go to the depot, see Eaton, and ask him to explain the action between himself and Miss Dodge. I was accompanied by Dodge, and on our arrival at the depot he knocked at the door and Eaton came out. As soon as Eaton recognized Dodge he sprang at him, clinched, and a scuffle ensued, the result of which was that Eaton got Dodge down, but afterwards let him up. As soon as Eaton released his hold on Dodge the latter assaulted him and he was thrown again. Dodge got up, and as Eaton was also getting up, Dodge deliberately fired the fatal shot. Eaton staggered toward the Lilliard house and Dodge disappeared. Not a word was spoken between the men during the altercation and Eaton's friends say that he had been told that Dodge was going to kill him, and it may have been the fear that he would do so that influenced Eaton to seize Dodge when he opened the door and discovered who he was."

Olsen's story is believed by those who know him. Deputy Sheriff Wyckoff says Dodge is mentally unbalanced. Olsen's statement was repeated to him and he was asked if it was correct. "Something like that occurred," he replied. "Do you want to add to or deny any portion of it?" He answered, "No." Miss Dodge is so ill that her physician refuses to permit any one to see her. There are sensational rumors concerning her illness and the relations that existed between her and the dead operator. She is well spoken of and is very handsome and intelligent.

Drums, Guns, Pistols, Cannons,

Daggers, swords and air rifles, kid dolls, flannel dolls, hair stuffed dolls, talking dolls, crying dolls, laughing dolls, and dolls, rocking horses, hobby horses, platform horses, wooden horses and velocipedes, doll carriages, express wagons, wheelbarrows and every description of toys and fancy goods for Xmas presents known at Russell & McDonald's, 134 Douglas street.

Scarlet Fever Epidemic.

Montreal, Nov. 22.—Health officials report quite a number of scarlet fever cases at present. There were ten fatal cases last week. Other contagious diseases are, however, not at all prevalent.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

FOOTBALL.

ASSOCIATION GAME.

The Victoria Wanderers will play a game with a team from H. M. S. Garnet on the Canteen grounds to-morrow, 23rd; kick-off at 2 p.m. The Wanderers are requested to meet at Campbell's corner to-night. Team will leave Campbell's corner promptly at 1:30.

WESTMINSTER MATCH.

The Victoria Rugby team leaves for Westminster in the morning to play their first match away from home. So far this season they have not been defeated. Following are the teams:

Victoria—Pettigrew, back; Foulkes, Haines and A. Crease, three-quarter backs; F. Smith and C. Ward, half-backs; H. F. M. Jones (captain); L. Crease, Langley, Fraser, Warden, Sullivan, Wollaston, Gibson and Riley, forwards.

Westminster—Stanley Peele, back; H. W. Laffere, E. O. Malins and A. Malins, three-quarter backs; T. Neville and T. Oddy, half-backs; R. B. Lister (captain); W. Allison, J. G. Roberts, P. McL. Forin, H. T. Tovey, W. Moresby, G. L. Brown, G. C. Hodge and C. Leamy, forwards.

BILLIARDS.

MASTER AND PUPIL.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—A five nights' billiard tournament will begin this evening between Frank C. Ives and Jacob Schaefer. Ives was introduced to the billiard world by Schaefer and if the betting is any indication he is likely to repeat his victory of last year over his former master. Schaefer has been playing in hard luck for the past two years. In October, 1891, he was defeated by Slosson, in 1892 he met defeat in the hands of his protege, Ives, and a few months later he fell and broke his right wrist. Notwithstanding Ives' brilliant record for the past two or three years Schaefer is regarded as been decidedly "in it" and a host of friends will back him liberally. It was in October, 1891, that Ives first came to the front as a player of the first class, when he defeated Eugene Carter, making an average of 30, the highest ever made at balk line in a public contest.

WRESTLING.

TO ACCEPT TERMS.

William Smith, of Australia, representing Harry Dunn, has left for San Francisco to accept the terms offered by Dan McLeod and make a match, five styles, for $1000 a side to take place in this city.

THE KENNEL.

LOTS OF DOGS.

Newark, N. J., Nov. 22.—The New Jersey Kennel League opened the largest bench show ever held outside of New York city at Industrial hall this morning. Every breed of canine known to the dog fancier is represented, and over a score of judges have already been appointed to award the premiums.

THE TURF.

THE HOME HORSES.

A gentleman just up from San Francisco says Marcelle and Broadmeade were not entered in the events they competed in to win, but more for practice and form. He says they were not backed by their owner at all. They were not in condition, being stiff after their journey, and he says he believes Marcelle at least will do well in the races for which she is entered in December.

Death of Pioneer Coleman.

San Francisco, Nov. 22.—Wm. T. Coleman, the old pioneer and merchant prince of San Francisco, who did so much to build up the metropolis of the Pacific coast, died this morning, aged 60, from a general breaking down of his constitution. The decline in Coleman's health may be said to date from the failure of the great commercial house of Wm. T. Coleman & Co., of which he was head. The failure occurred on May 8th, 1888.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Hon Theo Davie and wife, M Strouss, O McPhaddin, Capt Wm Moore, Robt Williams, H J Scott, J Flemming, H T Cepperley, J F McLellan, H Lee, T T Everett, Mrs Will, J Pratt, Mrs Sullivan, J Anderson, Miss L Ferris, J A Thompson, Jas Cutler, A Anderson, G H Seeley, Mrs Starr, J R Anderson and wife, J O Johnston, W S Jones, W R Angulo, Judge Bole, Mrs Lee, M C Ireland, Miss Oppenheimer, J. Fudger, J N Shannon, R Adamson, Miss M Smith, J O Lingnist, J W Johnston, C Butler, Mrs Daby, R K Peiser, W E Drake, J Varmilyea, J H Twigg, J W McColl, John Evans, J A McNair, Mrs Sinclair, G E Sullivan, E Kerr, Mrs Hanna, Miss L Salter.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—H Dalby, H Smith, Sarah Cope, A Cohen, C H Rawlings and wife, A E Barrett, P McDonald, Mrs Hertz, C McKenzie, Miss Brant, Miss J Brant, P A Paulsen, C F Dupont, G Dausin, J G Ferris, J E Thomas, T James, J Morgan, E L Sherman, J E Rice, A Freeman, Miss Mestrusen, C Butler, M Tivelaire, J Ross, J T Ford, N Ragler, F A Challen, F L Howe and wife, Walter Irving, J Thomas, Mrs Gleeson, John Schroeder, W McCain, F L Putnam, James Morgan, Mrs King, E W Higgins, J Barnsing, Mrs Furry, J H Brownlee, F C Dean.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Hudson B Co, B C C Co, R P Rithet & Co, Bank of Hamilton, E G Prior & Co, Wm Wilby, Carmanah Signal Station, E O Baker, E Wall & Co, F W Hicks, J B Johnston, Johns Bros, G A Knight, M Strouss, McL & McF, F R Stewart, Speed Bros, Sing Lee, Yale & B, Vic Plumbing Co, Dom Exp Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—S Leiser, Weiler Bros, S H E F Co, Mrs J J Jolley, Carson & S J Sommers, Thos Earle, A Pallen, Yale & B, J T Wuff, W Warden, F S LaFortune, Hibben & Co, S Gerber, Box M Co, S Leiser.

Atlantic Steamship Agency

CHEAP RATES

To or From all European and Foreign Ports

LIST OF SAILINGS.

(From Halifax.)

Allan Line, Numidian.....Dec. 9
" Parisian.....Dec. 23

(From New York.)

Cunard Line, Servia.....Nov. 28
White Star, Germanic.....Nov. 29
American, Paris.....Nov. 29
North German Lloyd, Saale.....Dec. 2
French Line, La Bretagne.....Dec 2

C.P.S.S. Line, Empress of China arrives Nov. 21st, sails Dec. 11th.

Canadian-Australian Line, S.S. Arawa arrives Dec. 9th, sails Dec. 16th.

Cheap Through Tickets to Cape Town, South Africa.

Apply to

GEO L. COURTNEY,

General Agent, corner Fort and Government streets.

BIRTH.

JAEGERS—In this city on the 21st inst., the wife of Capt. Jaegers of a daughter.

DIED.

ROSSI—On the 20th inst., Giacomo Rossi, a native of Porto Ceriale, Italy, aged 62 years.

The funeral will take place on Thursday, at 2:30 p.m., from the family residence, No. 225 Johnson street.

(Seattle, San Francisco and La Voce Del Popolo papers please copy.)

Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured many afflicted with rheumatism, and we urge all who suffer from this disease to give this medicine a trial.

YOU CAN'T DO WITHOUT SOAP WHY NOT GET THE BEST

APPOINTED BY SPECIAL ROYAL WARRANT — SOAP MAKERS TO THE QUEEN

THERE IS NO SOAP COMES UP TO SUNLIGHT

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA!

BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING,

VICTORIA B.C.

THANKSGIVING THOUGHTS

Thankful I'm not a Chinaman nor a Hottentot.
Thankful I'm not President of the United States.
Thankful that I live in Victoria.
Thankful that I do my trading with Cameron.
Thankful I'm smart enough to know a bargain when I see it.
Thankful I see a bargain every time I go to Cameron's.
Thankful times are not hard.
Thankful I'm not a hard case.
Thankful Cameron is not a hard man to deal with.
Thankful I've got some hard cash.
Thankful I'm not hard up.
Thankful I've saved money this year by trading with Cameron.
Thankful that I am thankful.
Thankful for Cameron's new stock.
Thankful for his low prices.
Thankful Cameron's trade is increasing.
Thankful that people grow smarter every day.
Thankful when they are all as smart as I am and trade with Cameron, the clothier, 55 Johnson street.

CAMERON,

The Cash Clothier,

55 JOHNSON ST.

au21

Xmas Cards

It is of course unnecessary to remind you that we have always taken the lead in this line. YOU ALL KNOW IT. Our Stock of New Cards has

Just Arrived

And you will find them ahead of anything we have had yet in

Beauty of Design

AND

Lowness of Price

Watch this space for further announcements of arrivals of

Christmas Goods

Jamieson,

Next to Post Office.

The Last of our Fall Consignments OF

Carpets

HAS ARRIVED and we are now in a position to show one of the most complete lines in the city. These goods have been carefully selected and in quality, colorings and designs are unsurpassed by any in the province. We do not confine ourselves to any one manufacturer, but buy where we get best prices and patterns. We do not advertise to give goods away, or sell below cost, but we do guarantee to give as good (if not better) value than any other house in the trade. In Brussels, Wiltons, Tapestries, Wools and Union Carpets we show a choice range.

In Lace and Chenille Curtains our line is complete and comprises a number of makes which space will not allow us to enumerate. Our stock of Upholstering was never more complete. Six piece Parlor Sets ranging from $50 up.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO.

Genuine Macintoshes

A large assortment of these reliable Waterproof Coats for Men and Boys just received from the celebrated house of Chas. Macintosh & Co.

On Sale at

W. & J. WILSON'S, COVERNMENT ST., OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

NEW GOODS AND LATEST NOVELTIES CONSTANTLY ARRIVING.

READ CAREFULLY THE FOLLOWING LIST AND SEE IF YOU ARE NOT WANTING SOMETHING.

Wonderful Bargains in Lamps, especially selected.
Elegant Hanging Lamps, Table Lamps, etc.
I will buy one of those Lamps at Weiler Bros.
Low in price, excellent value, beyond compare.
Everything you need, we are able to supply.
Rich and poor alike can be easily suited.
Blankets, Comforters, Curtains, Carpets, etc.
Rugs, Cocoa Mats, Wire Mats, all kinds of Mats.
Order these Goods early from an immense stock.
Start at once for Weiler Bros. and inspect the Goods.

51 to 55 FORT STREET.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

Established 1873.

BANKERS

VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

AGENTS FOR

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

When you want a Waterproof
Do not fail to get a

MELISSA

The Best in the World
For both Men and Women

LADIES

Bring your Suits and make them

FREE!

While learning the latest tailor system of Dress Cutting at 53 Yates Street.

not-1m

If Others Failed

To put your watch in thorough and good running order, I will guarantee to do so, or charge you nothing.

C. TH. LUNDQUIST

Expert Watchmaker, 37 Fort St.,

Split-second, repeaters and chronographs my specialty. Terms as low as the lowest. Estimates cheerfully given. a14-tf